

User Manual

PV Grid-Connected Inverter SG25CX-P2 /SG30CX-P2 / SG33CX-P2 / SG36CX-P2 / SG40CX-P2/ SG50CX-P2



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About This Manual

The manual mainly contains the product information, as well as guidelines for installation, operation, and maintenance. The manual does not include complete information about the photovoltaic (PV) system. Readers can get additional information at **www.sungrowpower. com** or on the webpage of the respective component manufacturer.

Validity

This manual is valid for the following model of low-power grid-connected PV string inverters:

- SG25CX-P2
- SG30CX-P2
- SG33CX-P2
- SG36CX-P2
- SG40CX-P2
- SG50CX-P2

It will be referred to as "inverter" hereinafter unless otherwise specified.

Target Group

This manual is intended for professional technicians who are responsible for installation, operation, and maintenance of inverters, and users who need to check inverter parameters. The inverter must only be installed by professional technicians. The professional technician is required to meet the following requirements:

- Know electronic, electrical wiring and mechanical expertise, and be familiar with electrical and mechanical schematics.
- Have received professional training related to the installation and commissioning of electrical equipment.
- Be able to quickly respond to hazards or emergencies that occur during installation and commissioning.
- Be familiar with local standards and relevant safety regulations of electrical systems.
- Read this manual thoroughly and understand the safety instructions related to operations.

How to Use This Manual

Please read this manual carefully before using the product and keep it properly at a place for easy access.

All contents, pictures, marks, and symbols in this manual are owned by SUNGROW. No part of this document may be reprinted by the non-internal staff of SUNGROW without written authorization.

Contents of this manual may be periodically updated or revised, and the actual product purchased shall prevail. Users can obtain the latest manual from **support.sungrowpower.com** or sales channels.

Symbols

This manual contains important safety instructions, which are highlighted with the following symbols, to ensure personal and property safety during usage, or to help optimize the product performance in an efficient way.

Please carefully understand the meaning of these warning symbols to better use the manual.

DANGER

Indicates high-risk potential hazards that, if not avoided, may lead to death or serious injury.

A WARNING

Indicates moderate-risk potential hazards that, if not avoided, may lead to death or serious injury.

CAUTION

Indicates low-risk potential hazards that, if not avoided, may lead to minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates potential risks that, if not avoided, may lead to device malfunctions or financial losses.



"NOTE" indicates additional information, emphasized contents or tips that may be helpful, e.g., to help you solve problems or save time.

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1 Safety Instructions

When installing, commissioning, operating, and maintaining the product, strictly observe the labels on the product and the safety requirements in the manual. Incorrect operation or work may cause:

- Injury or death to the operator or a third party.
- Damage to the product and other properties.

A WARNING

- Do not perform any operation on the product (including but not limited to, handling, installing, powering on, or maintaining the product, performing electrical connection, and working at heights) in harsh weather conditions, such as thunder and lightning, rain, snow, and Level 6 or stronger winds. SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage to the device due to force majeure, such as earthquakes, floods, volcanic eruptions, mudslides, lightning strikes, fires, wars, armed conflicts, typhoons, hurricanes, tornadoes, and other extreme weathers.
- In case of fire, evacuate from the building or product area and call the fire alarm.
 Re-entry into the burning area is strictly prohibited under any circumstances.

NOTICE

- Tighten the screws with the specified torque using tools when fastening the product and terminals. Otherwise, the product may be damaged. And the damage caused is not covered by the warranty.
- Learn how to use tools correctly before using them to avoid hurting people or damaging the device.
- Maintain the device with sufficient knowledge of this manual and use proper tools.

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- The safety instructions in this manual are only supplements and cannot cover all the precautions that should be followed. Perform operations considering actual onsite conditions.
- SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage caused by violation of general safety operation requirements, general safety standards, or any safety instruction in this manual.
- When installing, operating, and maintaining the product, comply with local laws and regulations. The safety precautions in this manual are only supplements to local laws and regulations.
- During the product transport, installation, wiring, maintenance, etc., the materials and tools prepared by users must meet the requirements of applicable local laws and regulations, safety standards, and other specifications. SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage to the product caused by the adoption of materials and tools that fail to meet the above-mentioned requirements.
- Operations on the product, including but not limited to, handling, installing, wiring, powering on, maintenance, and use of the product, must not be performed by unqualified personnel. SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage to the product resulting from operations done by unqualified personnel.
- Where the transport of the product is arranged by users, SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage to the product that is caused by users themselves or the third-party transport service providers designated by the users.
- SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage to the product caused by the negligence, intent, fault, improper operation, and other behaviors of users or third-party organizations.
- SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage to the product arising from reasons unrelated to SUNGROW.

1.1 Unpacking and Inspection

WARNING

- Check all safety signs, warning labels and nameplates on devices.
- The safety signs, warning labels and nameplates must be clearly visible and cannot be removed or covered before the device is decommissioned.

NOTICE

After receiving the product, check whether the appearance and structural parts of the device are damaged, and check whether the packing list is consistent with the actual ordered product. If there are problems with the above inspection items, do not install the device and contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW in time.

1.2 Installation Safety

A DANGER

- Make sure there is no electrical connection before installation.
- Before drilling, avoid the water and electricity wiring in the wall.

Improper installation may cause personal injury!

- If the product supports hoisting transport and is hoisted by hoisting tools, no one is allowed to stay under the product.
- When moving the product, be aware of the product weight and keep the balance to prevent it from tilting or falling.

NOTICE

Before operating the product, must check and ensure that tools to be used have been maintained regularly.

1.3 Electrical Connection Safety

A DANGER

- Before electrical connections, please make sure that the inverter is not damaged, otherwise it may cause danger!
- Before electrical connections, please make sure that the inverter switch and all switches connected to the inverter are set to "OFF", otherwise electric shock may occur!

DANGER

The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.

- Operators must wear proper personal protective equipment during electrical connections.
- Must ensure that cables are voltage-free with a measuring instrument before touching DC cables.
- Respect all safety instructions listed in relevant documents about PV strings.
- The inverter must not be connected to a PV string that requires positive or negative grounding.

DANGER

Danger to life due to a high voltage inside the inverter!

- Be sure to use special insulation tools during cable connections.
- Note and observe the warning labels on the product, and perform operations strictly following the safety instructions.
- Respect all safety instructions listed in this manual and other pertinent documents.

A WARNING

Damage to the product caused by incorrect wiring is not covered by the warranty.

- Electrical connection must be performed by professionals.
- All cables used in the PV generation system must be firmly attached, properly insulated, and adequately dimensioned.

WARNING

- Check the positive and negative polarity of the PV strings, and connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals only after ensuring polarity correctness.
- During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative poles of PV strings do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.
- Do not connect any load between the inverter and the AC circuit breaker directly connected to it, so as to prevent the switch from tripping by mistake.
- Determine the specifications of AC circuit breakers strictly in compliance with the applicable local laws and regulations and safety standards or the recommendation by SUNGROW. Otherwise, the switch may not open in time in the event of something abnormal, which may then lead to safety incidents.

NOTICE

Comply with the safety instructions related to PV strings and the regulations related to the local grid.

1.4 Operation Safety

A DANGER

When routing cables, ensure a distance of at least 30 mm between the cables and heat-generating components or areas to protect the insulation layer of cables from aging and damage.

When the product is working:

- Do not touch the product enclosure.
- It is strictly forbidden to plug and unplug any connector on the inverter.
- Do not touch any wiring terminal of the inverter. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- Do not disassemble any parts of the inverter. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- It is strictly forbidden to touch any hot parts of the inverter (such as the heat sink). Otherwise, it may cause burns.
- Do not connect or remove any PV string or any PV module in a string. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- If the inverter is equipped with a DC switch, do not operate it. Otherwise, it may cause device damage or personal injury.

1.5 Maintenance Safety

A DANGER

Risk of inverter damage or personal injury due to incorrect service!

- Before maintenance, disconnect the AC circuit breaker on the grid side and then the DC switch. If a fault that may cause personal injury or device damage is found before maintenance, disconnect the AC circuit breaker and wait until the night before operating the DC switch. Otherwise, a fire inside the product or an explosion may occur, causing personal injuries.
- After the inverter is powered off for 15 minutes, measure the voltage and current with professional instrument. Only when there is no voltage nor current can operators who wear protective equipment operate and maintain the inverter.
- Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.

DANGER

Touching the power grid or the contact points and terminals on the inverter connected to the power grid may lead to electric shock!

• The power grid side may generate voltage. Always use a standard voltmeter to ensure that there is no voltage before touching.

To prevent misuse or accidents caused by unrelated personnel, post prominent warning signs or demarcate safety warning areas around the product.

NOTICE

To avoid the risk of electric shock, do not perform any other maintenance operations beyond those described in this manual. If necessary, contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW. Otherwise, the losses caused is not covered by the warranty.

NOTICE

- If the paint on the inverter enclosure falls or rusts, repair it in time. Otherwise, the inverter performance may be affected.
- Do not use cleaning agents to clean the inverter. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged, and the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.
- As the inverter contains no parts that can be maintained, never open the enclosure of the inverter or replace any internal components without authorization. Otherwise, the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.
- Do not open the maintenance door in rainy or snowy weather. If it is inevitable, take proper protective measures to avoid the ingress of rainwater and snow into the maintenance compartment; otherwise, the product's operation may be affected.
- Before closing the maintenance door, check whether there is any object left inside the maintenance compartment, such as screws, tools, etc.
- It is recommended for users to use cable sheathing to protect the AC cable. If the cable sheathing is used, make sure it is positioned inside the maintenance compartment.

1.6 Disposal Safety

WARNING

Please scrap the product in accordance with relevant local regulations and standards to avoid property losses or casualties.

2 Product Description

2.1 System Introduction

The inverter is a transformerless 3-phase PV grid-connected inverter. As an integral component in the PV power system, the inverter is designed to convert the direct current power generated from the PV modules into grid-compatible AC current and to feed the AC current into the utility grid.

The intended usage of the inverter is illustrated in the following figure.



figure 2-1 Inverter Application in PV Power System

A WARNING

The inverter must not be connected to a PV string that requires positive or negative grounding.

Do not connect any local load between the inverter and the AC circuit breaker.

NOTICE

When designing the system, ensure that the operating ranges of all devices that are connected to the inverter meet the requirements of the inverter.

The PV modules in the system must comply with the IEC 61730-1 (2016) class || standard.

The inverter applies only to the scenarios described in this manual.

Item	Description	Note	
	D) (atria ra	Monocrystalline silicon, polycrystalline silicon and thin-film	
PV strings		without grounding.	
А		Connected to the PV module by its input cable, the optimizer	
Optim	Optimizer	can track the module's maximum power and output the de-	
		sired voltage through a DC/DC voltage conversion circuit.	
В		SG25CX-P2, SG30CX-P2, SG33CX-P2, SG36CX-P2,	
	Inverter	SG40CX-P2, SG50CX-P2	

Item	Description	Note
С	Grid connection	Includes devices such as AC circuit breaker, SPD, metering
	cabinet	device.
D	Transformer	Raises the output voltage of the inverter to a level that meets
		the requirements of the grid.
E	Utility grid	The grid forms supported by the inverter are shown in the fig-
		ure helew

ure below.



NOTICE

In a TT power grid, the N-PE voltage should be lower than 30 V. If the inverter is connected to the IT grid (i.e., no N line connection), there may be a risk of single-phase over/under-voltage and single-phase high/low voltage ride through.

Please refer to the optimizer user manual for details.





Please contact your local sales staff to confirm that the optimizer is available for sale in your territory.



2.2 Product Introduction

Model Description

The model description is as follows (take SG30CX-P2 as an example):



S320-G002

Appearance

The following figure shows the appearance of the inverter.



figure 2-2 Appearance

The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

No.	Name	Description
1	LED indicator	To indicate the current working state of the inverter.
2	Mounting lugs	To hang the inverter onto the mounting-bracket.
3	Handles	To move the inverter.
		To clearly identify the product, including Warning symbols,
4	Labels	nameplate and QR code.
	External protec-	
5	tive grounding	Use to ground the inverter.
	terminals	
6	DC switch	To safely disconnect the DC circuit whenever necessary.
7	Wiring area	DC switches, DC terminals, and communication terminals.
		For details, refer to "5.2 Terminal Description"

Dimensions

The following figure shows the dimensions of the inverter.





figure 2-3 Product Dimensions(in mm)

Weight

Model	Dimensions (W*H*D)	Weight
SG25/30/33CX-P2		38 kg
SG36/40CX-P2	-	40 kg
SG50CX-P2	645*575*245 mm	41 kg
SG30CX-P2(For Australia)	-	38 kg
SG50CX-P2(For Australia)	-	41 kg

2.3 Symbols on Product

Symbol	Explanation		
X	Do not dispose of the inverter together with household waste.		
	Read the user manual before maintenance!		
TÜVRheinand	TÜV mark of conformity.		
	Regulatory compliance mark.		
CE	CE mark of conformity.		
	EU/EEA Importer.		
\bigcirc	RoHS labeling		
	The product complies with the requirements of the applicable		
\bigcirc	EU directives.		

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Symbol	Explanation		
UK CA	UKCA mark of conformity.		
\mathbf{X}	The inverter does not have a transformer.		
\wedge	Disconnect the inverter from all the external power sources be- fore maintenance!		
	Burn danger due to the hot surface that may exceed 60°C.		
	Danger to life due to high voltages!		
	Do not touch live parts for 15 minutes after disconnection from the power sources.		
	Only qualified personnel can open and maintain the inverter.		
	External grounding point.		

* The table shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

2.4 LED Indicator

The LED indicator on the front of the inverter indicates the working state of the inverter.

LED Color	State	Definition
	On	The device is connected to the grid and operating
		normally.
	Fast blink	The Bluetooth connection is established, and there is
	(Period: 0.2s)	data communication.
		No system fault occurs.
	Slow blink	The device is in the divergence to the second secon
	(Period: 2s)	The device is in standby or startup state (not feeding power into the grid).
Blue		power into the gird).
2	Slow blink	
	once, fast	The inverter is performing PID recovery.
	blink three	The inverter is performing the recovery.
	times	

table 2-1 LED Indicator State Description

LED Color	State	Definition
	On	A fault occurs and the device cannot connect to the grid.
Red	Blink	The Bluetooth connection is established, data commu- nication in process, and a system fault occurs.
	OFF	Both the AC and DC sides are powered down.
Gray		

A WARNING

Voltage may still be present in AC side circuits after the indicator is off. Pay attention to the electricity safety when operating.

2.5 Circuit Diagram

The following figure shows the main circuit of the inverter.



figure 2-4 Circuit Diagram

- The DC Switch is used to safely disconnect the DC circuit.
- The MPPT is used to ensure a maximum power from PV arrays at different PV input conditions.
- The Inverter Circuit converts the DC power into AC power and feeds it to loads (if there are) or utility grid through the AC terminal.
- The protection circuit ensures the safe operation of the device and personal safety.

DANGER

If the lightning level exceeds the protection level of the product, surge protection and overvoltage protection may fail, resulting in electric shock and fatal injury!

2.6 Function Description

The inverter is equipped with the following functions:

Conversion Function

The inverter converts the DC current into grid-compatible AC current and feeds the AC current into the grid.

Data Storage

The inverter logs running information, error records, etc.

Parameter Configuration

The inverter provides various settable parameters. Users can set parameters via the App to meet the requirements and optimize the performance.

Communication Interface

The inverter is designed with standard RS485 communication interfaces and communication accessory port.

- The standard RS485 communication interfaces are used to establish communication with monitoring devices and to upload monitoring data to a monitoring background through communication cables.
- The communication accessory port is used to connect communication module manufactured by SUNGROW, and upload monitoring data through communication cables or wireless communication.

The inverter can be connected to communication devices via either of the two interfaces. When communication is established between the inverter and the communication devices, users can view inverter information or set inverter parameters, such as running parameter and protection parameter, through the iSolarCloud.



It is recommended to use the communication module from SUNGROW. Using a device from other companies may lead to communication failure or other unexpected damage.

Protection Function

The protective functions are integrated in the inverter, including anti-island protection, DC reversed polarity protection, AC short circuit protection, leakage current protection, etc.

Ripple Control

The inverter provides terminals (DRM) for connecting to a Ripple Control Receiver (RCR). After the connection, the grid dispatching center issues regulation instructions via dry contact (DI). The inverter can control power output according to the local preset instructions.

PID recovery



The PID function may not be applicable in some areas. Please consult SUN-GROW for details. The PID effect (Potential Induced Degradation) of PV modules will cause serious damage to generated output and yield, which can be avoided or recovered by PID recovery function.

• For positive voltage scheme, after the PID is enabled, the voltage to ground of all PV strings is greater than 0, and therefore the PV string-to-ground voltage is a positive value.



• For negative voltage scheme, after the PID is enabled, the voltage to ground of all PV strings is lower than 0, and therefore the PV string-to-ground voltage is a negative value.



NOTICE

- Before enabling the PID recovery function, make sure the voltage polarity of the PV modules to ground meets requirement. If there are any questions, contact the PV module manufacturer or read the corresponding user manual.
- PID recovery function and reactive power generation at night cannot be enabled at the same time.
- If the voltage scheme for the PID protection/recovery function does not meet the requirement of corresponding PV modules, the PID will not work as expected or even damage the PV modules.
- If the PID recovery function is enabled, it only works at night.
- When the inverter is in the PID recovery state (the indicator blinks blue once at long intervals and blinks at short intervals for three times), disable the PID recovery in the iSolarCloud App before manually powering on and maintaining the inverter.

AFCI Function



The AFCI function may not be applicable in some areas. Please consult SUN-GROW for details.

AFCI activation



This function can be enabled to detect whether arc occurs in the DC circuit of the inverter.

AFCI self-test

This function is intended to detect whether the AFCI function of the inverter is normal.

Clear AFCI Alarm

When the inverter detects the AFCI alarm, it stops working. Clear the AFCI alarm so that the inverter can restart the detection.

Protection Coverage

Two types of classifications are defined for AFCI protection, "F (Full coverage)" and "P (Partial coverage)". Full coverage protection ("F") is available for this inverter.

• AFPE

This inverter is equipped with a fully integrated AFPE, which is implemented within the inverter connected to the PV array and makes use of the enclosure and terminals of the inverter.

Method of Implementation

Two implementation options are available for AFCI protection, "D" and "I". "D" represents "Distributed detection system", where the AFPE comprises more than one device. The devices may be standalone devices or partially integrated within the power conversion equipment (PCE). While "I" represents "PCE integrated device", where the AFPE is implemented within a PCE connected to the PV array and makes use of the enclosure and terminals of the PCE. "I" is adopted for this inverter.

Reconnection Method

Three reconnection methods are available for this inverter:

1 Manual reconnection

Reconnection can only be performed manually after arc interruption. You can log in via local access to the iSolarCloud App, and choose **More** \rightarrow **Settings** \rightarrow **Operation Parameters** \rightarrow **AFCI Parameters** \rightarrow **Clear AFCI Alarm**; after clearing the fault alarm, restart the device.

2 Remote manual reconnection

Reconnection can be performed via remote access to the AFPE after interruption. You can log in to iSolarCloud remotely. Then, find the target plant and choose **Settings**; select the device, and choose **Advanced Settings** \rightarrow **Power Control** \rightarrow **Clear AFCI Alarm**. After clearing the fault alarm, restart the device.

3 Automatic reconnection

Reconnection can be performed automatically after arc interruption.

Rule: Upon detecting a real arc fault, the device will report a fault and shut down. Within the day, for the 1st to 4th arc fault alarm, the device will shut down for 10 minutes, then the alarm will be cleared and the device will restart; when the 5th or more arc fault is reported, the device will shut down and not resume operation on that day.

In the event of the 1st to 4th arc fault alarm, ARM is powered off and restarted, and the device can restart and reconnect to the grid normally, with the fault count reset to "0". When the 5th arc fault is detected, if ARM is powered off and restarted due to external environment factors, the device will report a fault and shut down, with the fault count changing to "1"; after 10 minutes, the fault alarm will be cleared and the device will restart. If ARM is not powered off when the 5th or more arc fault is reported, you need to clear the fault manually to get the device restarted and reconnected to the grid normally; in this case, the fault count will be reset to "0". Or you can wait for the fault to be cleared automatically the next day, in which case the fault count will change to "1". See "Manual reconnection" and "Remote manual reconnection" for instructions on how to clear the fault alarm manually.



The fault arc detection function meets the standard requirements, please test under the working conditions as required by the standard.

Optimizer Functions

Module-level MPPT

Increase the power generation of the PV system by continuously tracking the maximum power point of the PV module.

Module-level shutdown

Quickly reduce module voltage.

Module-level monitoring

The optimizer can monitor the performance of modules.

Module-level IV curve diagnosis

The optimizer can scan the module IV curve and judge whether a module fault occurs. And in this case the inverter cannot perform string-level IV curve scan.

The Module-level IV curve diagnosis function can only be used on iSolarCloud Web. At most six modules can be selected in one round of Module-level IV curve diagnosis.

3 Unpacking and Storage

3.1 Unpacking and Inspection

The product is thoroughly tested and strictly inspected before delivery. Nonetheless, damage may still occur during shipping. For this reason, please conduct a thorough inspection after receiving the product.

- Check the packing case for any visible damage.
- · Check the scope of delivery for completeness according to the packing list.
- Check the inner contents for damage after unpacking.

Contact SUNGROW or the transport company in case of any damage or incompleteness, and provide photos to facilitate services.

Do not dispose of the original packing case. It is recommended to store the device in the original packing case when the product is decommissioned.

NOTICE

After receiving the product, check whether the appearance and structural parts of the device are damaged, and check whether the packing list is consistent with the actual ordered product. If there are problems with the above inspection items, do not install the device and contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW in time.

If any tool is used for unpacking, be careful not to damage the product.

3.2 Inverter Storage

Proper storage is required if the inverter is not installed immediately.

- Store the inverter in the original packing case with the desiccant inside.
- The storage temperature must be always between -40°C and +70°C, and the storage relative humidity must be always between 0 and 95 %, non-condensing.
- In case of stacking storage, the number of stacking layers should never exceed the limit marked on the outer side of the packing case.
- The packing case should be upright.
- If the inverter needs to be transported again, pack it strictly before loading and transporting it.

- Do not store the inverter in places susceptible to direct sunlight, rain, and strong electric field.
- Do not place the inverter in places with items that may affect or damage the inverter.
- Store the inverter in a clean and dry place to prevent dust and water vapor from eroding.
- Do not store the inverter in places with corrosive substances or susceptible to rodents and insects.
- Carry out periodic inspections. Inspection shall be conducted at least once every six months. If any insect or rodent bites are found, replace the packaging materials in time.
- If the inverter has been stored for more than a year, inspection and testing by professionals are required before it can be put into operation.

NOTICE

Please store the inverter according to the storage requirements. Product damage caused by failure to meet the storage requirements is not covered by the warranty.

4 Mechanical Mounting

A WARNING

Respect all local standards and requirements during mechanical installation.

4.1 Safety During Mounting

DANGER

Make sure there is no electrical connection before installation. Before drilling, avoid the water and electricity wiring in the wall.

A WARNING

For specific requirements for the installation environment, see "4.2.1 Installation Environment Requirements". In case the environment where the device is installed does not meet the requirements, SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any property damage arising therefrom.

Improper handling may cause personal injury!

- When moving the inverter, be aware of its weight and keep the balance to prevent it from tilting or falling.
- Wear proper protective equipment before performing operations on the inverter.
- The bottom terminals and interfaces of the inverter cannot directly contact the ground or other supports. The inverter cannot be directly placed on the ground.

NOTICE

When installing devices, ensure that no device in the system causes it hard for the DC switch and the AC circuit breaker to act or hinders maintenance personnel from operating.

If drilling is required during installation:

- Wear goggles and protective gloves when drilling holes.
- Make sure to avoid the water and electricity wiring in the wall before drilling.
- Protect the product from shavings and dust.

4.2 Location Requirements

To a large extent, a proper installation location ensures safe operation, service life, and performance of the inverter.

- The inverter with protection rating IP66 can be installed both indoors and outdoors.
- The inverter should be installed at a height that allows easy viewing of the LED indicator panel, as well as easy electrical connection, operation and maintenance.





4.2.1 Installation Environment Requirements



• The inverter produces noise during operation, thus it is not recommended to install it in places for residential purpose. If this cannot be avoided, it is recommended to install the inverter in a place over 25 meters away from the residential area, or take noise mitigation measures.



- If the inverter is installed in a place with lush vegetation, weed on a regular basis. In addition, the ground beneath the inverter needs to undergo certain treatment, such as laying cement or gravel, etc. (an area of 3m×2.5m is recommended).
- Do not install the inverter in an environment with flammables, explosives, or smoke.
- Do not install the inverter in places prone to water leak, e.g., under the air-conditioner vent, the air vent, or the cable outlet window of the machine room, so as to prevent device damage or short circuit caused by intrusion of water.
- Do no install the inverter in a place with corrosives such as corrosive gas and organic solvent, etc.
- When the inverter is running, its surface may carry high voltages or get very hot. Do not touch it; otherwise, it may lead to burns or electric shocks.
- Do not install the inverter in a place that is easy to reach for people.
- Install the inverter in a place with shelter, so as to prevent it from getting impacted by direct sunlight and severe weather (e.g. snow, rain, and lightning). The inverter will derate in high temperatures for self-protection. If installed in a place directly exposed to sunlight, as the temperature rises, the inverter may witness power reduction.
- Good heat dissipation is very important to the inverter. Please install the inverter in a ventilated environment.
- If the inverter needs to be installed in a closed environment, please install additional heat dissipation or ventilation devices. During the running of the inverter, the room temperature should not be higher than the outdoor ambient temperature.
- Please consult SUNGROW before installing inverters outdoors in areas prone to salt damage, which mainly are coastal areas within 500 meters of the coast. The sedimentation amount of salt spray is correlated to the characteristics of the seawater, sea winds, precipitation, air humidity, topography, and forest coverage in the adjacent sea areas, and there are substantial differences between different coastal areas.
- Do not install the inverter in an environment contaminated with chemicals such as halogen and sulfide.
- Do not install the inverter in an environment with vibration and strong electromagnetic field. Strong-magnetic-field environments refer to places where magnetic field strength measures over 30 A/m.
- In dusty environments such as places full of dust, smoke, or floc, particles may cling to the device's air outlet or heat sink, thus impacting its heat dissipation performance or even getting it damaged. Therefore, do not install the inverter in dusty environments. If the inverter has to be installed in such environments, please clean its fans and heat sink on a regular basis to ensure a good heat dissipation performance.
- The average temperature approximately 1 m around the inverter should be taken as its operating temperature. The temperature and humidity should meet the requirements below:



4.2.2 Carrier Requirements

The mounting structure where the inverter is installed must comply with local/national standards and guidelines. Ensure that the installation surface is solid enough to bear four times the weight of the inverter and is suitable for the dimensions of the inverter (e.g. cement walls, plasterboard walls, etc.).

Do not install the inverter on a carrier that may vibrate in resonance, so as to avoid making bigger noise.

The structure should meet the following requirements:



4.2.3 Angle Requirements

Install the inverter vertically or at the maximum allowable rear tilt angle. Do not install the inverter horizontally, forward, excessively backward, sideways, or upside down. Inverters in floating plants cannot be installed at a back tilt.



tilting backwards installation requirements

In case the installation site is a level surface, mount the inverter to the horizontal-mounting bracket to meet the mounting angle requirements, as shown in the figure below.



Take the following items into account when designing the bracket scheme:

- Consider onsite climate conditions and take anti-snow and anti-rain measures if necessary.
- Ensure that the waterproof connectors are at least 300mm higher than the ground surface.
- Bind the cables at the positions 300~350mm away from the DC connector, AC waterproof terminal, and communication waterproof terminal.
- The various waterproof terminals should be tightened with the torque specified in this
 manual to ensure that they are securely sealed.

4.2.4 Clearance Requirements

Reserve enough clearance around the inverter to ensure sufficient space for heat dissipation.



*When this distance is less than the distance shown, lift the inverter off the stand or wall before maintaining fans.

The distance from the bottom of the inverter to the ground is determined according to the bending radius of the selected AC cable and the installation environment, and the following requirements should be met :

- The distance from the bottom of the inverter to the ground should be \geq 650mm.
- The AC cable should be connected to the AC terminal vertically, and the length of the vertical cable should be ≥ 200mm.



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In case of multiple inverters, reserve specific clearance between the inverters.



Back-to-Back Installation

When installing inverters back-to-back, the distance between every two inverters should be at least 200 mm.

Add a baffle between the two inverters to form a heat dissipation channel. The baffle plate should be placed horizontally between two inverters and should not block the air outlet of inverters.





Inverters designed with louver air outlets and hexagonal air outlets are delivered alternately. The product actually delivered should take precedence.

4.3 Installation Tools

Installation tools include but are not limited to the following recommended ones. If necessary, use other auxiliary tools on site.


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Multimeter ≥ 1100 Vdc

Vacuum cleaner

4.4 Moving the Inverter

Before installation, remove the inverter from the packing case and move it to the installation site. Follow the instructions below as you move the inverter:

- Always be aware of the weight of the inverter.
- Prevent the inverter from tilting or dropping.

Lift and move the inverter to the destination by using the side handles and bottom edge.



ACAUTION

Improper handling may cause personal injury!

- Arrange an appropriate number of personnel to carry the inverter according to its weight, and installation personnel should wear protective equipment such as anti-impact shoes and gloves.
- Attention must be paid to the center of gravity of the inverter to avoid tilting during handling.
- Placing the inverter directly on a hard ground may cause damage to its metal enclosure. Protective materials such as sponge pad or foam cushion should be placed underneath the inverter.
- Move the inverter by holding the handles on it. Do not move the inverter by holding the terminals.

4.5 Installing Mounting-bracket



figure 4-1 Dimensions of Mounting-bracket

To meet the space requirements of the inverter, please reserve sufficient space when installing the mounting bracket.



4.5.1 Bracket-Mounted Installation

Tool	preparation
1001	propulation

Name	Specification
Marker	_
Level	-
Hammer drill	Bit: φ12
Wrench	Inner diameter: 16mm

Material preparation

Name	Quantity	Specification	Source
Bolt	2	M10	Included in the delivery
assembly			scope
Steel u-	2	-	Not included in the delivery
channel			scope

Step 1 Mark and drill holes in one steel u-channel according to the dimensions shown in the figure below. Two steel u-channels should be spaced 180 mm - 260 mm apart.



Step 2 Secure the mounting-bracket to the steel u-channel with bolts.



- - End

4.5.2 Wall-Mounted Installation

Tool preparation

Name	Specification
Maker	_
Level	-
Hammer drill	Bit: φ12
Wrench	Inner diameter: 16mm

Material preparation

Name	Quantity	Specification	Source
Expansion	2	M10	Not included in the delivery
bolt			scope

Step 1 Place the mounting-bracket at the installation place, adjust the angle with a level, and mark the location of the drilled holes.



Step 2 Drill holes with a hammer drill. Clean up the holes, stuff the expansion bolts into the holes, and fix them with a rubber mallet. Use a wrench to tighten the nut to fix the end of the bolt, take off the nut, spring washer and flat washer for spare.



After removing the nut, spring washer, and flat washer, level the front of the expansion tube with the wall. Otherwise, the mounting brackets will not stay steady on the wall.

Step 3 Secure the mounting-bracket with expansion bolts.



- - End

i

4.5.3 Pole Installation

Tool preparation

Name	Specification	
Marker	_	
Level	-	
Hammer drill*	Bit: φ12	
Wrench	Inner diameter: 16mm	

*Check if tools of other specifications are needed according to the bolts of the matching clamps.

Material preparation

Name	Quantity	Specification	Source
Bolt	2	M10	Included in the delivery scope
assembly			
Bolt	4	M10	Not included in the delivery
assembly			scope

Name	Quantity	Specification	Source
Steel u-	2	-	Not included in the delivery
channel			scope
Clamp	2	According to the	Not included in the delivery
		pole specification	scope

Step 1 Erect and stabilize the pole at the installation site.



Please skip this step if the inverter is to be installed on a concrete pole, PV bracket, etc. through pole-mounting.

Step 2 Mark and drill holes in steel u-channels according to the dimensions shown in the figure below. Two steel u-channels should be spaced 180 mm - 260 mm apart.



Step 3 Secure the mounting-bracket to the steel u-channels with bolts.



Step 4 Secure the steel u-channels to the pole with bolts and clamps.



- - End

4.6 Installing the Inverter

Tool preparation				
Name		Specification		
Phillips screwdriver		M5		
Material prepa	ration			
Name	Quantity	Specification	Source	
Cross screw	2	M5×16	Included in the delivery	
			scope	

- Step 1 Take out the inverter from the packing case.
- **Step 2** Lift the inverter onto the mounting-bracket and make sure the mounting ears fit well into the grooves of the mounting-bracket.



Step 3 Fix the inverter with screws.



- - End

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4.7 Installing Optimizer(Optional)

Step 1 As shown in the figure below, clamp the optimizer parallel to the back of the PV module by clips.



Full configuration is supported, and partial configuration is not supported. The full configuration scenario is shown below:



figure 4-2 Optimizers Configured for All PV Modules

NOTICE

• Please ensure that the optimizer is installed facing the back of the module. Otherwise, the clip may get damaged.



• Do not forcibly bend the clips when installing the optimizer by clips. Otherwise, the clip may be damaged.



• Do not clamp the optimizer into holes in the module frame during installation. Otherwise, the optimizer cannot be removed or the clips may be damaged.



- It is recommended to install optimizers on the same side of modules.
- Do not clamp and remove the optimizer multiple times. Otherwise, the clip may become loose, affecting normal use.

- - End

5 Electrical Connection

5.1 Safety Instructions

DANGER

The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.

- Operators must wear proper personal protective equipment during electrical connections.
- Must ensure that cables are voltage-free with a measuring instrument before touching DC cables.
- Respect all safety instructions listed in relevant documents about PV strings.

DANGER

- Before electrical connections, please make sure that the inverter switch and all switches connected to the inverter are set to "OFF", otherwise electric shock may occur!
- Ensure that the inverter is undamaged and all cables are voltage free before performing electrical work.
- Do not close the AC circuit breaker until the electrical connection is completed.

A WARNING

Do not damage the ground conductor. Do not operate the product in the absence of a properly installed ground conductor. Otherwise, it may cause personal injury or product damage.

Please use measuring devices with an appropriate range. Overvoltage can damage the measuring device and cause personal injury.

Damage to the product caused by incorrect wiring is not covered by the warranty.

- Electrical connection must be performed by professionals.
- Operators must wear proper personal protective equipment during electrical connections.
- All cables used in the PV generation system must be firmly attached, properly insulated, and adequately dimensioned. Cables used shall comply with the requirements of local laws and regulations.
- The factors that affect cable selection include rated current, cable type, routing mode, ambient temperature, and maximum expected line loss.

NOTICE

All electrical connections must comply with local and national/regional electrical standards.

- Cables used by the user shall comply with the requirements of local laws and regulations.
- Only with the permission of the national/regional grid department, the inverter can be connected to the grid.
- Requires external protection device.
- Requires external multipole interruptiondevice for currentcarrying wires disconnection.
- Requires an external residual current device (DR), suitable for protection against electric shock, in accordance with the ABNT NBR 5410 standard.
- It is expressly recommended to use rapid shutdown methods, systems or devices on the d.c.circuit. that guarantee safety in firefighting situations.
- The installation of this equipment must comply with current technical standards for photovoltaic electrical installation (NBR 16690) and fire risk management in photovoltaic systems (IEC 63226).
- This equipment is compatible with external independent rapid shutdown devices.

NOTICE

- Install the external protective grounding cable first when performing electrical connection and remove the external protective grounding cable last when removing the inverter.
- Keep the AC output cable and the DC input cable close to each other during electrical connection.
- Comply with the safety instructions related to PV strings and the regulations related to the utility grid.

NOTICE

- After being crimped, the OT terminal must wrap the wires completely, and the wires must contact the OT terminal closely.
- When using a heat gun, protect the device from being scorched.
- Keep the PV+ cable and PV- cable close to each other when connecting DC input cables.
- Before connecting a power cable (such as the AC cable, the DC cable, etc.), confirm that the label and identifier on the power cable are correct.
- When laying out communication cables, separate them from power cables and keep them away from strong interference sources to prevent communication interruption.
- All vacant terminals must be covered with waterproof covers to prevent affecting the protection performance.
- Ensure that AC output cables are firmly connected. Failing to do so may cause inverter malfunction or damage to its AC connectors.
- When the wiring is completed, seal the gap at the cable inlet and outlet holes with fireproof/waterproof materials such as fireproof mud to prevent foreign matter or moisture from entering and affecting the long-term normal operation of the inverter.



The cable colors in figures in this manual are for reference only. Please select cables according to local cable standards.

5.2 Terminal Description

All electrical terminals are located at the bottom of the inverter.





figure 5-1 Terminal Description

* The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

Item	Terminal	Mark	Note
^			Used to switch on and off the DC
A	DC Switch	DC SWITCH	input.
		COM1	For communication module
Р	Communica-	COMT	connection.
В	tion terminal	COM2	DI, DRM, DO, RS485, Smart En-
		COMZ	ergy Meter
		PV1,PV2, PV3, PV4, PV5,	6 pairs of terminals(SG25/30/
0		PV6	33CX-P2)
С	PV terminals	PV1,PV2, PV3, PV4, PV5,	8 pairs of terminals (SG36/40/
		PV6, PV7, PV8	50CX-P2)
_	AC wiring	wiring	Used for AC output cable
D	terminal	AC	connection.
	External pro-		Used for reliable grounding of
_	tective	\bigcirc	the inverter
Е	grounding		2, use at least one of them to
	terminal		ground the inverter.

table 5-1 The label of COM2 terminal

DI		DRM		DO	RS	485	Meter	
DI	DI	С	D4/8	D2/6	COM	B1	B1	B2
PGND	PGND	R	D3/7	D1/5	NO	A1	A1	A2

No.	Label	Description		
1	DI	emergency stop dry contact		
2	DRM	 "AU"/"NZ": Demand response enabling device (DRED) 		
		"DE": Ripple Control Receiver (RCR)		
3	DO	fault output dry contact		
4	4 RS485 (A1, B1) ⁽¹⁾	Connect to the Logger, so as to implement data ex- change with PC or other monitoring devices.		
·		Enable the communication between inverters in parallel.		
5	Meter (A2, B2) ⁽¹⁾	Connect to the Smart Energy Meter.		

table 5-2 The label description of COM2 terminal

(1) When the inverter is connected to a third-party monitoring device, please confirm which communication interface is used, and whether it will cause loss of certain functions of the inverter.

5.3 Electrical Connection Overview

Connecting the inverter to the PV system requires connecting the inverter to the protective grounding point, to the grid, and to the PV strings.



table 5-3 Cable Rec	quirements
---------------------	------------

			Specification	
No.	Cable	Туре	Cable Di- ameter	Cross-sectional Area(mm ²)
			(mm)	Cross-sectional Area(mm-)
1	DC cable	Multi-core PV cable with a maximum with- stand voltage of 1100V	4.7 ~ 6.4	4~6
2	External grounding cable	Outdoor single- core copper wire	1	The same as that of the PE wire in the AC cable
3		Outdoor four- core/five-core copper wire		L1,L2,L3,N wire:16~35(SG25/30/ 33/36/40CX-P2)
			- 18~38	PE wire:16**(SG25/30/33/36/ 40CX-P2)
				L1,L2,L3,N wire : 35~50(SG50CX- P2)
				PE wire: refer to"table 5-4 PE wire requirements"(SG50CX-P2)
	AC cable	Outdoor four- core/five-core aluminum wire*		L1,L2,L3,N wire : 25~35(SG25/30/ 33/36/40CX-P2)
				PE wire:16**(SG25/30/33/36/ 40CX-P2)
				L1,L2,L3,N wire : 35~50(SG50CX- P2)
				PE wire : refer to"table 5-4 PE wire requirements"(SG50CX-P2)
	Communi-	Shielded twisted pair	_	0.5~1
4	cation cable	CAT 5E outdoor shielded network cable	5.3 ~ 7	1

*A copper to aluminum adapter terminal is required when an aluminum cable is used. For details, refer to " Aluminum Cable Requirements".

** The specifications are valid only when the phase wire and PE wire use the same material. If otherwise, ensure that the cross section of the PE wire produces a conductance equivalent to that of the 16mm² in the table.

table 5-4 PE wire requirements		
PE wire cross section	Note	
S/2 (S: Phase wire cross-section S)	The specifications are valid only when the phase wire and PE wire use the same material. If otherwise, ensure that the cross section of the PE wire produces a conductance equivalent to that of the wire specified in the table.	

Other sizes of grounding cables that meet local standards and safety regulations can also be used for grounding connections. But SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage caused.

5.4 Crimp OT/DT terminal

Crimp OT/DT terminal



3. Hydraulic pliers 4. Heat gun

Aluminum Cable Requirements

If an Aluminum cable is selected, use a copper to Aluminum adapter terminal to avoid direct contact between the copper bar and the Aluminum cable.



figure 5-2 Aluminum Cable Connection

1. Copper to Aluminum adapter terminal

2. Flange nut

3. Aluminum cable

NOTICE

Ensure that the selected terminal can directly contact with the copper bar. If there are any problems, contact the terminal manufacturer.

Ensure that the copper bar is not in direct contact with the aluminum wire. Otherwise, electrochemical corrosion may occur, impairing the reliability of electrical connection.

5.5 External Protective Grounding Connection

A DANGER

- There are large currents during the inverter's operation. If the inverter is powered on and put into operation without being grounded, it may lead to electric shock hazards or failures of major protective functions such as surge protection. Therefore, before powering on the inverter, make sure it has been reliably grounded; otherwise, damages caused therefrom will not be covered by warranty.
- When performing electrical connections of the inverter, give the highest priority to grounding. Be sure to carry out the grounding connection first.

WARNING

- Since the inverter is not equipped with a transformer, neither the negative electrode nor the positive electrode of the PV string can be grounded. Otherwise, the inverter will not operate normally.
- Connect the grounding terminal to the external protective grounding point before AC cable connection, PV string connection, and communication cable connection.
- The external protective grounding point provides a reliable ground connection. Do not use an improper grounding conductor for grounding, Otherwise, it may cause product damage or personal injury.
- Depending on Local Rules, please also ground the PV panel subconstruction to the same common grounding point (PE Bar) in addition to local lightning protection rules.

A WARNING

The external protective grounding terminal must meet at least one of the following requirements.

- The cross-sectional area of the grounding cable is not less than 10 mm² for copper wire or 16 mm² for aluminum wire. It is recommended that both the external protective grounding terminal and the AC side grounding terminal be reliably grounded.
- If the cross-sectional area of the grounding cable is less than 10 mm² for copper wire or 16 mm² for aluminum wire, ensure that both the external protective grounding terminal and the AC side grounding terminal are reliably grounded.

The grounding connection can be made by other means if they are in accordance with the local standards and regulations, and SUNGROW shall not be held liable for the possible consequences.

5.5.1 External Protective Grounding Requirements

All non-current carrying metal parts and device enclosures in the PV power system should be grounded, for example, brackets of PV modules and inverter enclosure.

When there is only one inverter in the PV system, connect the external protective grounding cable to a nearby grounding point.

When there are multiple inverters in the PV system, connect the external protective grounding terminals of all inverters and the grounding points of the PV module brackets to ensure equipotential connections to ground cables (according to the onsite conditions).

5.5.2 Connection Procedure

Step 1 Prepare the cable and OT/DT terminal, refer to " Crimp OT/DT terminal".

6 6 6 4.5 N·m

Step 2 Remove the screw on the grounding terminal and fasten the cable with a screwdriver.

Step 3 Apply paint to the grounding terminal to ensure corrosion resistance.

The grounding screws have been anchored to the side of the inverter before delivery, and do not need to be prepared.

There are two grounding terminals. Use one of them to ground the inverter.

- - End

A

5.6 AC Cable Connection

5.6.1 AC Side Requirements



Only with the permission of the local grid department, the inverter can be connected to the grid.

Before connecting the inverter to the grid, ensure the grid voltage and frequency comply with requirements, for which, refer to **"Technical Data"**. Otherwise, contact the electric power company for help.

AC Circuit Breaker

An independent circuit breaker or fuse should be installed on the output side of the inverter to ensure safe disconnection from the grid.

Inverter	Recommended Rated Voltage	Recommended Rated
mverter		Current
SG25CX-P2	400V	63 A
SG30CX-P2	400V	63 A
SG33CX-P2	400V	80 A
SG36CX-P2	400V	80 A

Inverter	Recommended Rated Voltage	Recommended Rated
inverter	Recommended Rated Voltage	Current
SG40CX-P2	400V	100 A
SG50CX-P2	400V	125 A

WARNING

AC circuit breakers should be installed on the output side of the inverter and the grid side to ensure safe disconnection from the grid.

- Determine whether an AC circuit breaker with greater overcurrent capacity is required based on actual conditions.
- Do not connect any local load between the inverter and the AC circuit breaker.
- Multiple inverters cannot share one AC circuit breaker.

Residual Current Monitoring Device

With an integrated universal current-sensitive residual current monitoring unit included, the inverter will disconnect immediately from the mains power once a fault current with a value exceeding the limit is detected.

However if an external residual current device (RCD) (type A is recommended) is mandatory, the switch must be triggered at the residual current. RCD of other specifications can also be used according to local standard. The recommended residual current is as follows.

Inverter	Recommended Residual Current
SG25CX-P2	300 mA
SG30CX-P2	300 mA
SG33CX-P2	330 mA
SG36CX-P2	360 mA
SG40CX-P2	400 mA
SG50CX-P2	500 mA

Multiple Inverters in Parallel Connection

If multiple inverters are connected in parallel to the grid, ensure that the total number of parallel inverters does not exceed 30. A maximum of 13 inverters can be connected in parallel if the PV module is equipped with optimizers. If SUNGROW Logger1000 is applied, please note that a maximum of 3500 optimizers can be connected.

5.6.2 Requirements for OT/DT Terminal

OT / DT terminals (not included in the delivery scope) are required for fixing AC cables to the terminal block. Purchase the OT / DT terminals according to the following requirements.

OT / DT Terminals of Phase Wire

Specification: M8



figure 5-3 Specifications of the Crimped OT/DT Terminal

OT / DT Terminal of PE Wire

• Specification: M8

5.6.3 Connection Procedure

Step 1 Disconnect the AC-side circuit breaker and prevent it from inadvertent reconnection.

Step 2 Take out the AC junction box and loosen the swivel nut. After removing the seals, select one or more appropriate seals for use in combination according to the cable outer diameter, by referring to the table below. Lead the cable through the swivel nut, seal, and junction box successively.



Outer diameter D(mm)	Seals
18 ~ 24	a+b+c
24 ~ 30	a+b
30 ~ 38	а

Step 3 Make the cable and crimp OT/DT terminal.



Step 4 Remove the AC protective cap.



Step 5 Secure the wires to corresponding terminals. Gently pull the cable backwards to ensure firm connection.

NOTICE

Observe the terminal layout on the block. Do not connect the phase wires to "PE" terminal or "N" terminal. Otherwise, unrecoverable damage to the inverter may follow.





Step 6 Secure the junction box.



NOTICE

Ensure that the junction box is properly assembled. Failure to do so may affect the waterproof performance of the AC side, and the loss caused by this is not covered by the warranty.



Step 7 Gently pull the cable backwards to ensure firm connection, and fasten the swivel nut clockwise.



- - End

5.7 DC Cable Connection

A DANGER

The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.

• Respect all safety instructions listed in relevant documents about PV strings.

WARNING

- Make sure the PV array is well insulated to ground before connecting it to the inverter.
- Make sure the maximum DC voltage and the maximum short circuit current of any string never exceed inverter permitted values specified in "Technical Data".
- Check the positive and negative polarity of the PV strings, and connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals only after ensuring polarity correctness.
- During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative electrodes of PV strings do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.
- Electric arc or contactor over-temperature may occur if the DC connectors are not firmly in place, and the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.
- If the DC input cables are reversely connected or the positive and negative terminals of different MPPT are shorted to ground at the same time, while the DC switch is in the "ON" position, do not operate immediately. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged. Please turn the DC switch to "OFF" and remove the DC connector to adjust the polarity of the strings when the string current is lower than 0.5 A.
- Use the DC connectors supplied with the product for DC cable connection. Using incompatible DC connectors may result in serious consequences, and the device damage is not covered under warranty.
- Inverters do not support full parallel connection of strings (Full parallel connection refers to a connection method in that strings are connected in parallel and then connected to the inverter separately).
- Do not connect one PV string to multiple inverters. Otherwise, the inverters may be damaged.

NOTICE

The following requirements about PV string connection must be met. Otherwise, it may cause irreversible damage to the inverter, which is not covered by the warranty.

- Mixed use of PV modules of different brands or models in one MPPT circuit, or PV modules of different orientation or inclination in a string may not damage inverter, but will cause system bad performance!
- The inverter enters standby state when the input voltage ranges between 1,000 V and 1,100 V. The inverter returns to running state once the voltage returns to the MPPT operating voltage range, namely, 160 V to 1,000 V.

NOTICE

Note the following items when laying out cables on site:

- The axial tension on PV connectors must not exceed 80 N. Avoid axial cable stress on the connector for a long time during field wiring.
- Radial stress or torque must not be generated on PV connectors. It may cause the connector waterproof failure and reduce connector reliability.
- Leave at least 50 mm of slack to avoid the external force generated by the cable bending affecting the waterproof performance.
- Refer to the specifications provided by the cable manufacturer for the minimum cable bending radius. If the required bending radius is less than 50 mm, reserve a bending radius of 50 mm. If the required bending radius is greater than 50 mm, reserve the required minimum bending radius during wiring.

5.7.1 PV Input Configuration

- As shown in the figure below, the inverter is provided with multiple PV inputs, and each PV input is designed with an MPP tracker.
- Each PV input operates independently and has its own MPPT. In this way, string structures of each PV input may differ from each other, including PV module type, number of PV modules in each string, angle of tilt, and installation orientation.
- A maximum of two PV strings can be connected to an MPPT controller. For the best use of PV power, the type, quantity, tilt, and orientation of PV modules connected to the same MPPT shall be the same.



figure 5-4 PV Input Configuratinon

Prior to connecting the inverter to PV inputs, the specifications in the following table should be met:



Open-circuit Voltage Limit	Max. Current for Input Connector
1100 V	30 A

5.7.2 Assembling PV Connectors

A DANGER

High voltage may be present in the inverter!

- Ensure all cables are voltage-free before performing electrical operations.
- Do not connect the AC circuit breaker before finishing electrical connection.



SUNGROW provides corresponding PV connectors in the scope of delivery for quick connection of PV inputs. To ensure IP66 protection, use only the supplied connector or the connector with the same ingress of protection.

Step 1 Strip the insulation from each DC cable by 8 mm ~ 10 mm.

Step 2 Assemble the cable ends with the crimping pliers.

- 1: Positive crimp contact
- 2 : Negative crimp contact
- **Step 3** Lead the cable through the cable gland, and insert the crimp contact into the insulator until it snaps into place. Gently pull the cable backward to ensure firm connection.
- Step 4 Tighten the cable gland and the insulator.
- Step 5 Check for polarity correctness.

NOTICE

If the PV polarity is reversed, the inverter will be in a fault or alarm state and will not operate normally.

- - End

5.7.3 Installing PV Connector

Step 1 Ensure that the DC switch is in "OFF" position. Otherwise, manually turn it to "OFF".



Step 2 Check the cable connection of the PV string for polarity correctness and ensure that the open circuit voltage in any case does not exceed the inverter input limit of 1,100 V.



NOTICE

The multimeter must have a DC voltage range of at least 1100 V. If the voltage is a negative value, the DC input polarity is incorrect. Please correct the DC input polarity. If the voltage is greater than 1100 V, too many PV modules are configured to the same string. Please remove some PV modules.

- Step 3 If the inverter is configured with an optimizer, perform as follows. Otherwise, skip Step 4-7.
- **Step 4** Connect the PV+ and PV- of the optimizer to the positive and negative terminals in the junction box of the PV module respectively.



NOTICE

Do not connect the PV module to the OUT+ and OUT- of the optimizer. Otherwise, the optimizer or PV module will be damaged, and the loss is not covered by the warranty.

Step 5 Connect the positive probe of a multimeter to OUT+ of the optimizer, and the negative probe of the multimeter to OUT- of the optimizer to check whether the optimizer is faulty. If the measured output voltage is 1 V, no fault occurs to the optimizer.



NOTICE

1. Use a multimeter to measure the output voltage of each optimizer after wiring.

2. Considering the effect of the accuracy of the multimeter on the actual measurement on site, the optimizer can function normally as long as the output voltage falls in the range of 0.9V - 1.1V.

3. If the output voltage is less than 0.9 V, check the following items:

- Check whether the sunlight is sufficient.
- Check whether the input side of the optimizer is connected to the PV module.
- If the fault is not caused by foregoing reasons and still persists, please replace the optimizer.

4. If the output voltage is greater than 1.1 V, the optimizer fails. Please replace the optimizer.

5. If no voltage is detected, replace the optimizer or component.

Step 6 When connecting multiple optimizers, connect OUT- of the first optimizer to OUT+ of the second optimizer, and so on. Use a multimeter to measure the optimizer voltage. If the measured output voltage is 1 V*N (N is the number of optimizers), no fault occurs to the system.



NOTICE

Whether connecting OUT+ of the first optimizer to OUT- of the second optimizer or connecting OUT- of the first optimizer to OUT+ of the second optimizer is dependent on the polarity of the extension cable that is connected to the inverter on site.

SUNGROW

Step 7 Connect OUT+ of the first optimizer and OUT- of the last optimizer to the PV input terminals of the inverter.



If each PV module is equipped with an optimizer, the total power of PV modules in a PV input shall not exceed the maximum input power of a single PV input of the inverter.

Inverter	Number of Optimizers Supported in a String	Upper Limit of String Power (kW)
SG25/30/33/36/40/50CXP2	6~35	12

NOTICE

- Branch-connector connection on the input side of the inverter is not supported by the optimizer.
- Please refer to the optimizer user manual for details.





Step 8 Connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals until there is an audible click.

Step 9 Follow the foregoing steps to connect PV connectors of other PV strings.

Step 10 Seal any unused PV terminal with a terminal cap.

- - End

NOTICE

- After the PV string is connected to the input terminal on the inverter, please turn on the corresponding DC switch.
- Only when the DC switch is set to "NO", the DC Type II is able to provide effective protection against electrical surges.

5.8 Communication Connection

5.8.1 Wireless Communication Module Connection (optional)

Install the wireless communication module to the communication interface with a silk screen of COM1 at the bottom of the inverter.



*The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product you receive may differ.

NOTICE

Once the communication module is in use, do not connect the inverter to a data logger at the same time via RS485. Please contact SUNGROW for any further queries.



For details on module installation and configuration, refer to the manual delivered together with the module.

5.8.2 WiNet-S/WiNet-S2 Connection (optional)

The WiNet-S / WiNet-S2 module supports Ethernet communication and WLAN communication. It is not recommended to use both communication methods at the same time.

For details, see the quick guide for the WiNet-S/WiNet-S2 module. Scan the following QR code for the quick guide.



5.8.2.1 Ethernet Communication

Step 1 (Optional) Strip the insulation layer of the communication cable with an Ethernet wire stripper, and lead the corresponding signal cables out. Insert the stripped communication cable into the RJ45 plug in the correct order, and crimp it with a crimper.





Step 2 Unscrew the swivel nut from the communication module and take out the inner sealing ring.

Step 3 Unscrew the housing from the communication module.



Step 4 Thread the network cable through the swivel nut and gasket. Afterwards, route the cable into the opening of the sealing. Finally, insert the cable through the housing.





Step 5 Insert the RJ45 plug into the front plug connector until there is an audible click and tighten the housing. Install the gasket and fasten the swivel nut.



Step 6 Remove the waterproof lid from the COM1 terminal and install WiNet-S/WiNet-S2.



Step 7 Slightly shake it by hand to determine whether it is installed firmly.

- - End

5.8.2.2 WLAN Communication

Step 1 Remove the waterproof lid from the COM1 terminal.
Step 2 Install the module. Slightly shake it by hand to determine whether it is installed firmly, as shown below.



Step 3 Refer to the guide delivered with the module for the set-up.

- - End

5.8.3 RS485 Connection

Where there is only one inverter, the RS485 can be connected to an external device for the communication, as shown in the following figure.



In case of multiple inverters, all the inverters can be connected via RS485 cables in the daisy chain manner, as shown in the following figure.





5.8.3.1 Assembling the COM Connector



SUNGROW cooperates with multiple suppliers on communication connectors, so there may be cases where two types of communication connectors are received. Both communication connectors are wired in the same way, and the actual product received shall prevail.

Step 1 Unscrew the swivel nut from the connector.



Step 2 Take out the terminal block.



Step 3 Remove the seal and lead the cable through the cable gland.



Step 4 Remove the cable jacket and strip the wire insulation.





Step 5 Plug the wires into the RS485 terminal according the labels on the bottom of the inverter.

Step 6 Pull the wires outward to check whether they are firmly installed.

Step 7 Insert the terminal block into the connector until it snaps into place with an audible click.







- - End

5.8.3.2 Installing the COM Connector

Step 1 Remove the waterproof lid from the COM2 terminal.



Step 2 Insert the COM connector into COM2 terminal on the bottom of the inverter until there is an audible click.



- - End

5.8.4 Smart Energy Meter Connection

The inverter can provide export control but will require the use of a external smart meter. The export control functionality has not been tested to AS/NZS 4777.2:2020.

The inverter is equipped with the feed-in power limit function, so as to meet the requirements of some national standards or grid standards for the output power at the grid connection point. For the setting of feed-in power limit, refer to the section "7.4.2 Initialization Procedure"

Contact SUNGROW to ensure that the Smart Energy Meter model is available locally.

This section mainly describes the cable connections on the inverter side. Refer to the quick guide delivered with the Smart Energy Meter for the connections on the meter side.

Procedure

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For detailed connection description of the Smart Energy Meter cable, refer to the section "5.8.3 RS485 Connection". Plug the wires into the **Meter** terminal according the labels on the bottom of the inverter.

NOTICE

- The energy meter is mainly used to detect the direction and magnitude of the current. And the energy meter data may not be used for billing purposes.
- In the scenario where the meter is directly connected to the inverter, if the meter needs to be replaced midway, it is suggested to choose a new, unused meter. Otherwise, the statistics of meter energy data given by the inverter may be abnormal.

5.8.5 Dry Contact Connection

NOTICE

Dry contact cables require a cross section of 1 mm² to 1.5 mm². The connection procedure of the dry contact is the same as that of the RS485 terminal block.

5.8.5.1 Dry Contact Function

Connection method of the dry contacts is similar to that of the RS485 terminal block.

The configuration circuit board is provided with fault output dry contact and emergency stop dry contact, as shown in the figure below.

table 5-5 The label of COM2 terminal

DI			DRM		DO	RS	485	Meter
DI	DI	С	D4/8	D2/6	COM	B1	B1	B2
PGND	PGND	R	D3/7	D1/5	NO	A1	A1	A2

DO terminal (fault output dry contact): The relay can be set to output fault alarms, and user can configure it to be a normally open contact (COM & NO).

Use LED indicators or other equipment to indicate whether the inverter is in the faulty state. The following Figure shows the typical application of normally open contact :



figure 5-5 Normally open contact

• If an external load is added to the circuit, the current in the circuit cannot exceed the load's maximum current carrying capacity.

 When an external AC source is connected to the circuit, for safety concern, the pin pitch of R1 and R2 current-limiting resistors should be ≥ 8 mm respectively (you may connect multiple resistors in series to meet the spacing requirements). Also, consider whether the external loads' requirements for currents can be met after R1 and R2 resistors are connected to the circuit.

Devices connected to the relay should comply with related requirements:

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AC-Side Requirements	DC-Side Requirements
Max. voltage: 250 Vac	Max. voltage: 30Vdc
Max. current: 3A	Max. current: 3A

DI terminal (emergency stop dry contact): the dry contact can be configured to be an emergency stop contact.

When the DI contact and PGND contact are shorted by external controlled switch (The external switch can be configured as normally open contact or normally closed contact), the inverter will immediately stop.

NS terminal: NS Protection is used for German market currently. For plant sized more than 30kVA, inverter NS Protection terminals could be used in daisy chain to external NS Protection Relay to realize emergency stop when NS Protection Relay change its dry contact status due to the grid abnormal running status.

NS Protection (including Passive Valid) can be set. When NS Protection is enabled on the iSolarCloud, the inverters will operate normally when DI contact and PGND contact are shorted by external controlled switch, and the inverters will emergently stop when DI contact and PGND contact are disconnected.

0

The dry contacts only support passive switch signal input.

The following figure shows the typical application of local stop dry contact.







figure 5-7 Daisy chain topology

When wiring DI dry contacts, ensure that the maximum wiring distance meet the requirements in "10.2 Wring Distance of DI Dry Contact".

5.8.5.2 Wiring Procedure

For detailed connection description of the DI/DO cable, refer to the section "5.8.3 RS485 Connection". Plug the wires into the **DI/DO** terminal according the labels on the bottom of the inverter.

5.8.6 DRM Connection

DRM and Ripple Control support only one function at the same time.

DRM

In Australia and New Zealand, the inverter supports the demand response modes as specified in the standard AS/NZS 4777.

The following figure shows the wiring between the inverter and the external DRED.



table 5-6 Method of Asserting DRM

Mode	Asserted by Shorting Terminals	Switch Operation on External
WICKE	on Inverter	DRED
DRM0	R&C	Close S1 and S5

Enable the DRM function through the iSolarCloud APP. If there are any problems, contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW.

The DRM function is only applicable to devices for Australia and New Zealand.

Ripple Control

A

In Germany, the grid company uses the Ripple Control Receiver to convert the grid dispatching signal and send it as a dry contact signal.

Wiring of the ripple control receiver dry contact cables is shown in the figure below:



table 5-7 Method of Asserting DI Mode

S1	S2	S3	S4	Switch Operation on External RCR	Output power (in % of the Max. AC output power)
0	0	0	0	None	100%
1	0	0	0	Close S1	100%
0	1	0	0	Close S2	60%
0	0	1	0	Close S3	30%
1	1	0	0	Close S1 and S2	0% (disconnect from grid)

5.8.6.1 Assembling the COM Connector

i

SUNGROW cooperates with multiple suppliers on communication connectors, so there may be cases where two types of communication connectors are received. Both communication connectors are wired in the same way, and the actual product received shall prevail.

Step 1 Unscrew the swivel nut from the connector.







Step 3 Remove the seal and lead the cable through the cable gland.



Step 4 Remove the cable jacket by 7 mm-10 mm.



Step 5 Plug the wires into the corresponding terminal according the labels on the bottom of the inverter.



Step 6 Pull the wires outward to check whether they are firmly installed.







Step 8 Fasten the swivel nut.



- - End

5.8.6.2 Installing the COM Connector

Step 1 Remove the waterproof lid from the COM2 terminal.



Step 2 Insert the COM connector into COM2 terminal on the bottom of the inverter until there is an audible click.



Step 3 Pull cables outwards to confirm whether they are fastened firmly.

Step 4 Connect the other end to the DRED / Ripple Control Receiver device.

- - End

6 Commissioning

6.1 Inspection Before Commissioning

Check the following items before starting the inverter:

- All equipment has been reliably installed.
- DC switch(es) and AC circuit breaker are in the "OFF" position.
- The ground cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The AC cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The DC cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The communication cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The vacant terminals are sealed.
- No foreign items, such as tools, are left on the top of the machine or in the junction box (if there is).
- The AC circuit breaker is selected in accordance with the requirements of this manual and local standards.
- All warning signs & labels are intact and legible.

6.2 Commissioning Procedure

If all of the items mentioned above meet the requirements, proceed as follows to start up the inverter for the first time.

Step 1 Rotate the DC switch of the inverter to the "ON" position, the indicator blinks blue slowly.

NOTICE

- Strictly follow the preceding sequence. Otherwise, the product may be damaged, and the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.
- If the DC side is powered up while the AC side is not, the inverter indicator may turn red, and the inverter will report a fault named "Grid Power Outage" (the fault information can be viewed on the iSolarCloud App, see "Records" for details). The fault is automatically cleared when the AC circuit breaker between the inverter and the grid is closed.
- Before closing the AC circuit breaker between the inverter and the power grid, use a multimeter that is set to the AC gear to ensure that the AC voltage is within the specified range. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged.

Step 2 Close the AC circuit breaker between the inverter and the grid.

- Step 3 Install the iSolarCloud App, see "7.2 Installing App" for details.
- **Step 4** Set initial protection parameters via the iSolarCloud App when the inverter is connected to the grid for the first time (see Step 4 in "7.4.2 Initialization Procedure" for details). If the irradiation and grid conditions meet requirements, the inverter normally operates.
- **Step 5** The home page is automatically displayed when the setting is completed. The indicator is steady blue, and the inverter is in grid-connected operation.
 - - End

6.3 Optimizer Physical Layout (Optional)

- If PV modules are installed and optimizers are configured, check to ensure that all devices are reliably installed.
- Remove QR code labels from the optimizers and attach them to corresponding square cells on the physical layout.
- · Please refer to the optimizer user manual for details of the optimizer physical layout.
- For details about plant creation and optimizer layout setup on the iSolarCloud App, see "7.7 Plant Creation and Device Management"



NOTICE

- In the multi-inverter scenario where optimizers are installed, start the inverters one by one in the proper order. Do not start the inverters all at the same time.
- In case the PV system, where the inverter is installed, is equipped with optimizers and the physical layout of optimizers has been successfully set, before removing the optimizers from the system or relocating the inverter to a PV system with no optimizers, please clear the physical layout of optimizers via iSolarCloud.

7 iSolarCloud App

7.1 Brief Introduction

The iSolarCloud App can establish communication connection to the inverter via the Bluetooth, thereby achieving near-end maintenance on the inverter. Users can use the App to view basic information, alarms, and events, set parameters, or download logs, etc.



Screenshots in this manual are based on the Android system V2.1.6 , and the actual interfaces may differ.

7.2 Installing App

Method 1

Download and install the App through the following application stores:

- MyApp (Android, mainland China users)
- Google Play (Android, users other than mainland China ones)
- App Store (iOS)

Method 2

Scan the following QR code to download and install the App according to the prompt information.



The App icon appears on the home screen after installation.



NOTICE

Systems equipped with SUNGROW optimizers can only work with SUNGROW communication devices and iSolarCloud App. Please use V2.1.6.20230411 or later versions of iSolarCloud App.

7.3 Function Overview

The App provides parameter viewing and setting functions, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-1 App Function Tree Map

7.4 Device Initialization

7.4.1 Requirements

The following requirements should be met:

- The AC or DC side of the inverter is powered-on.
- The mobile phone is within 5 meters away from the inverter and there are no obstructions in between.
- The Bluetooth function of the mobile phone is enabled.



The inverter can only pair with one phone at a time through Bluetooth.

7.4.2 Initialization Procedure

Step 1 Open the App to enter the login page, tap **Local Access** at the bottom of the page to go to the next page.

- Step 2 Establish the Bluetooth connection by either of the two following ways. If the LED indicator flashes blue, the connection is successfully established. If the inverter is configured with optimizers, log into iSolarCloud via WiNet-S2 or into the logger1000 Web to view and modify the parameters of the optimizer.
 - Scan the QR code on the side of the inverter for Bluetooth connection.
 - Tap "Manual connection" and select "Others" at the bottom of the page, the Bluetooth search page will automatically pop up, and select the inverter to be connected according to the SN on the nameplate on the side of the inverter body.



figure 7-2 Bluetooth Connection

Step 3 Enter the identity verification interface after the Bluetooth connection is established.

1

IDENTITY VERI	FICATION
	✓ B2210504867 \$
Account	
user	
Password	
	ንተኛ
🔽 Remember Me	
	RIFICATION



The Account is "user", and the initial password is "pw1111" or "111111" which should be changed for the consideration of account security.

To set inverter parameters related to grid protection and grid support, contact your distributor to obtain the advanced account and corresponding password. If the distributor is unable to provide the required information, contact SUNGROW.

Step 4 If the inverter is not initialized, you will enter the quick setting interface of initializing protection parameters.



figure 7-4 Initialization Protection Parameter

NOTICE

The Country/Region must be set to the country where the inverter is installed. Otherwise, the inverter may report errors.

Step 5 When the country is set to Australia, additionally set the applicable network service provider and then the grid type. Tap **Power Company** to select the correct power company.



figure 7-5 Initialization Power Company

The image shown here is for reference only. Refer to the actual interface for the supported network service providers.

Network Service Provider	Grid Type
AS/NZS 4777.2:2015	1
AS/NZS 4777.2:2020 Australia A	1
AS/NZS 4777.2:2020 Australia B	1
AS/NZS 4777.2:2020 Australia C	1
ENERGEX & Ergon Energy	 STNW1170: single phase < 10 kVA & three phase < 30 kVA
	• STNW1174 :30 kVA < PN ≤ 1500 kVA
Endeavour Energy	MDI 0043
Ausgrid	NS194
Jemena	 ≤ 10kVA per phase (or 30 kVA per three phase)
	• ELE GU 0014: 30-200kVA
CitiPower & Powercor	 ≤ 5 kVA for single-phase & 30 kVA for three-phase
	 > 30 kVA three-phase
United Energy	• UE-ST-2008.1: ≤ 10 kW for single- phase & 30 kW for three-phase
	• UE-ST-2008.2: > 30 kVA three-phase
PowerWater	Embedded Generation Notice Photovoltaic
	Systems:2020

Network Service Provider	Grid Type
SA Power Networks	 TS129-2019: < 10 kW for single-phase & 30 kW for three-phase
	• TS130-2017: > 30 kW & ≤ 200 kW
	• TS131-2018: > 200 kW
Horizon Power	 HPC-9DJ-13-0001-2019: ≤ 10 kVA for single-phase & 30 kVA for three-phase
	• HPC-9DJ-13-0002-2019: > 30 kVA & ≤1 MVA
westernpower	EDM # 33612889-2019
AusNet Services	Basic Micro Embedded Generation:2020

For compliance with AS/NZS 4777.2:2020, please select from Australia A/B/C. Please contact your electricity grid operator for which region to use.

Step 6 The function of the feed-in limitation is to control the amount of power injected in the grid by the plant. In some situations, this function is also called as Export limitation or Zero export. The feed-in limitation function requires the using of Smart Energy Meter. Without the Smart Energy Meter, the feed-in limitation function will be unavailable.

FEED-IN LIMITATION	
Feed-in Limitation	
Feed-in Limitation Value 0.00 kW	
Feed-in Limitation Ratio 0.0 %	

table 7-2 Description of feed-in limitation parameters

Parameter	Default value	Range
Feed-in Limitation	Off	On / Off
Feed-in Limitation Value	0.00kW	0 ~ Max. AC output power
Feed-in Limitation Ratio	0.0%	0 ~ 100%×Active Overload Rate*

*The active overload rate of SG30CX-P2 in Germany, Belgium, Austria, Ukraine, and Denmark is 1, and in other regions is 1.1 (depending on local grid regulations). The active overload rate of SG25/33/36/40/50CX-P2 is 1.1.

- **Step 7** After finishing the settings, tap **TUNR ON DEVICE** at the upper right corner and the device will be initialized. The App will send start instructions and the device will start and operate.
- Step 8 If the inverter is initialized, the App automatically turns to its home page.

- - End

7.5 View Device Information

7.5.1 Check Device Status

Users can view the device's operation information such as running status, power flow, and power curves on the Home screen.

SG30CX-P2 \$ 23		ſ	
2 Sandby PID recovery running 0 W SN: A19030cx ① 5 Power Today Yield Total Yield 5 Power Today Yield Total Yield 0 0 kW 1,297.2 kWh 1,297.2 kWh 0 0 0 00 13:00 17:00 21:00 8 ■		SG30CX-P2	*
4 0 W SN: A19030cx 0 5 Power Today Yield Total Yield 5 Power Today Yield Total Yield 0 0 kWh 1,297.2 kWh P (%) 100 80 60 40 20 05500 09:00 13:00 17:00 21:00 8 8		- Standby	
5 0.00 kW 0.0 kWh 1,297.2 kWh P (%) 100 80 60 40 20 05500 09:00 13:00 17:00 21:00 8 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4	\sim	0 *
0.00 kW 0.0 kWh 1,297.2 kWh P (%) 100 80 60 40 20 05:00 09:00 13:00 17:00 21:00 8 8 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5	Power Today Yield Tot	al Yield 6
P (%) 100 80 60 40 20 0 05500 09:00 13:00 17:00 21:00 8 8 100 100 100 100 100 100	0	0.00 kW 0.0 kWh 1,29	7.2 kWh
100 100 80 100 40 100 20 100 05:00 09:00 13:00 17:00 21:00		D (6)	— P (%)
8 60 40 20 05500 09:00 13:00 17:00 21:00 8 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
40 20 05500 09:00 13:00 17:00 21:00 8			
8			7
8			
		0 05:00 09:00 13:00 17:00	21:00
	8 ——		

figure 7-6 Home Page

table 7-3 Home Page Description

No.	Designation	Description
1	Date and time	System date and time of the inverter
2	Inverter state	Present operation state of the inverter. For details, refer to
Z	Inverter state	"table 7-4 Description of Inverter State".
3	PID function state	Present state of the PID function. For details, refer to "table
3	PID function state	7-5 Description of PID State"
		Display the PV power generation power, feed-in power, etc.
4	Power flow chart	The line with an arrow indicates energy flow between
4		connected devices, and the arrow pointing indicates energy
		flow direction.
5	Power generation	Today power yield and accumulative power yield of the
	· · ····· gonoration	inverter
6	Real-time power	Output power of the inverter

No.	Designation	Description
	Power curve	Curve showing change of power between 5 am and 23 pm
7		every day
1		(Each point on the curve represents the percentage of
		present inverter power to rated power)
8	Navigation bar	Including "Home", "Run Information", "Records", and
0		"More"

table 7-4 Description of Inverter State

State	Description
	After being energized, inverter tracks the PV arrays' maximum power
Run	point (MPP) and converts the DC power into AC power. This is the
	normal operation mode.
Stop	Inverter is stopped.
Press to Shut	Inverter will stop operation by tapping "Stop" via app. In this way,
Down	inverter internal DSP stops. Restart the inverter via app if needed.
Standby	Inverter enters standby mode when DC side input is insufficient. In this
Standby	mode inverter will wait within the standby duration.
Initial standby	The inverter is in the initial power-on standby state.
Starting up	The inverter is initializing and synchronizing with the grid.
Warn run	Warning information is detected.
Derating	The inverter derates actively due to environmental factors such as
running	temperature or altitude
Dispatch	The inverter runs according to the scheduling instructions received from
Running	the monitoring background
	If a fault occurs, inverter will automatically stop operation, and the AC
Shut down	relay acts. The fault information will be displayed on the app. Once the
Shutdown	fault is removed in recovery time, inverter will automatically resume
	running.

table 7-5 Description of PID State

State	Description	
PID recovery	The inverters perform PID recovery actively.	
running	The inverters perform FID recovery actively.	
	It is detected that the ISO impedance is abnormal or the PID cannot	
PID abnormity	work normally after the PID function is enabled.	

If the inverter is running abnormally, the alarm or fault icon will be displayed in the lower right corner of the inverter icon in power flow chart. The user can tap this icon to enter the alarm or fault interface to view detailed information and corrective measures.

7.5.2 View Run Information

Tap **Run Information** on the navigation bar to enter the screen showing running information, slide the screen upwards to view all detailed information.

Run information includes PV information, inverter information, input and output information, etc.

Classificat- ion	Parameter	Description
PV	String n Voltage	The input voltage of the n th string
Information	String n current	The input current of the n th string
	Running Status	1
	Total On-grid Running	1
	Daily On-grid Running Time	/
	Negative Voltage to Ground	Inverter DC side negative to ground voltage value
Inverter	Bus Voltage	Voltage between the positive and negative poles of the DC side of the inverter
Information	Internal Air Temperature	1
	Array Insulation Resistance	Insulation resistance value of the input side to the protection ground
	Country Information	/
	Power Limitation Mode	1
	Reactive Power Mode	/
	Total DC Power	DC side total input power
Input	MPPT x Voltage	The input voltage of the x th MPPT
	MPPT x Current	The input current of the x th MPPT
	Daily Yield	1
	Monthly Yield	1
	Annual Yield	1
Output	Total Yield	1
Julpul	Total Active Power	Current active power value of the inverter
	Total Reactive Power	Current reactive power value of the inverter
	Total Apparent Power	Current apparent power value of the inverter

table 7-6 Run Information

Classificat- ion	Parameter	Description
	Total Power Factor	Power factor of the AC side of the inverter
	Gird Frenquency	Frequency of the AC side of the inverter
	A-B Line Voltage	
	B-C Line Voltage	Line voltage
	C-A Line Voltage	-
	Phase A Current	_
	Phase B Current	Phase current
	Phase C Current	-

7.5.3 View Records

Tap **Records** on the navigation bar to enter the interface showing event records, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-7 Records

Fault Alarm Record

Tap Fault Alarm Record to enter the interface, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-8 Fault Alarm Record



Tap it to select a time segment and view corresponding records.

The inverter can record up to 400 latest entries.

Select one of the records in the list and tap the record to view the detailed fault information as shown in following figure.

< BACK
GRID POWER OUTAGE
Alarm Level: Important
Occurrence Time: 2020-05-06 10:23:32
Alarm ID: 10
Repair Advice
Generally, the device is reconnected to the grid after the grid recovers to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: 1.Check if Ac cables are all firmly connected. 3.Check if AC cables are connected to the correct terminals (with or without live line and reverse connection). 4.If the fault still exists, Please contact customer service center of sungrow power.

figure 7-9 Detailed Fault Alarm Information

Yield Record

Tap **Yield Record** to enter the interface showing daily power generation as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-10 Power Curve

The App displays power generation records in a variety of forms, including daily power generation graph, monthly power generation histogram, annual power generation histogram.

table 7-7	Yield	Record	Explanation
-----------	-------	--------	-------------

Parameter	Description	
	Shows the power output from 5 am to 23 pm in a single day. Each	
Power curve	point on the curve represents the percentage of present inverter	
	power to rated power.	
Daily yield		
histogram	Shows the power output every day in the present month.	

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Parameter	Description	
Monthly yield	Shows the newer output even month in a year	
histogram	Shows the power output every month in a year.	
Annual yield		
histogram	Shows the power output every year.	

Tap the time bar on the top of the interface to select a time segment and view the corresponding power curve.

Swipe left to check the power yields histogram.

Event Record

Tap Event Record to view event record list.



Click is to select a time segment and view corresponding records.

The inverter can record up to 400 latest entries.

7.6 More

Tap **More** on the navigation bar to enter the corresponding interface, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-11 More

7.6.1 System Parameters

Tap "**Settings**→**System Parameters**" to enter the corresponding interface, as shown in the following figure.

SYSTEM PARAMETERS	
Boot Shutdown Boot	
DI Emergency Stop Function	
Date Setting 2022-12-29	
Time Setting 11:27:29	
Restore Defaults	
Country/Region Australia	
Power Company Not Configured	
Software Version 1	
Software Version 2	

figure 7-12 System Parameters

* The image shown here is for reference only.

Boot/Shutdown

Tap **Boot/Shutdown** to send the boot/shutdown instruction to the inverter.

Date Setting/Time Setting

The correct system time is very important. Wrong system time will directly affect the data logging and power generation value. The clock is in 24-hour format.

Software Version

Version information of the current firmware.

7.6.2 Operation Parameters

Running Time

Tap "**Settings**→**Operation Parameters**→**Running Time**" to enter the corresponding interface.



figure 7-13 Running Time

PID Parameters

0

The PID function may not be applicable in some areas. Please consult SUN-GROW for details.

Tap "Settings \rightarrow Operation Parameters \rightarrow PID Parameters" to enter the corresponding interface.

< BACK	
PID PARAMETERS	
PID Recovery	
Clear PID Alarm	
PID Scheme Apply Positive Voltage	

figure 7-14 PID Parameters

table 7-8 PID Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
	Enable/Disable the PID night recovery function. Once enabled, it
PID Recovery	works between 22:00 pm and 5:00 am by default.
	If ISO impedance abnormality or PID function exception is de-
	tected during running of the PID function, the inverter reports a
Clear PID alarm	PID abnormity and reminds the user to take corresponding meas-
	ures. Clear the alarm report via this parameter once the problems
	are handled.
PID Scheme	Apply negative or positive voltage.

AFCI Parameters



The AFCI function may not be applicable in some areas. Please consult SUN-GROW for details.

Tap "Settings \rightarrow Operation Parameters \rightarrow AFCI Parameters" to enter the corresponding screen, on which you can set "AFCI Parameters".

< back	
AFCI PARAMETERS	
AFCI Activation On	
AFCI Self-test	
Clear AFCI Alarm	

figure 7-15 AFCI Setting

Regular Parameters

Tap "Settings \rightarrow Operation Parameters \rightarrow Regular Parameters" to enter the corresponding screen, on which you can set "Regular Parameters".

< back	
REGULAR PARAMETERS	
NS Protection(Passive Valid)	

figure 7-16 Regular Parameters Setting

7.6.3 Power Regulation Parameters

Active Power Regulation

Tap "Settings \rightarrow Power Regulation Parameters \rightarrow Active Power Regulation" to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

< back	
ACTIVE POWER REGULATION	
Active Power Soft Start after Fault	
Active Power Soft Start Time after Fault 600 s	
Active Power Gradient Control	
Active Power Decline Gradient 39 %/min	
Active Power Rising Gradient 39 %/min	
Active Power Setting Persistence	
Active Power Limit	
Active Power Limit Ratio	
Shutdown When Active Power Limit to 0%	
Active Overload Switch	

figure 7-17 Active Power Regulation

Parameter	Definition/Setting Description	Range
Active power soft start	The switch for enabling/dis-	Enable/Disable
after fault	abling the soft start function	
	after a fault occurs.	
Active power soft start	Time that the soft start takes to	1s~1200s
time after fault	raise the power from 0 to	
	100% rated power.	

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_	Definition/Setting	Denne
Parameter	Description	Range
Active power gradient	Switch for enabling/disabling	Enable/Disable
control	the active power rate settable	
	function.	
Active power decline	The decline rate of inverter ac-	1%/min~6000%/min
gradient	tive power per minute.	
Active power rising	The rise rate of inverter active	1%/min~6000%/min
gradient	power per minute.	
Active power setting	Switch for enabling/disabling	Enable/Disable
persistence	the function of saving output	
	limited power.	
Active power limit	The switch for limiting output	Enable/Disable
	power.	
Active power limit ratio	The ratio of limiting output	0%~110%
	power to rated power in	
	percentage.	
Shutdown when active	Switch used to determine	Enable/Disable
power limit to 0%	whether the inverter is in stop	
	state when the limited power	
	reaches 0.	
	Switch used to ensure that the	
Active Overload	inverter operates at the maxi-	
Switch	mum active power when PV	Enable/Disable
omion	power limit ratio is set over	
	100%.	

Reactive Power Regulation

Tap "Settings \rightarrow Power Regulation Parameters \rightarrow Reactive Power Regulation" to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-18 Reactive Power Regulation

table 7-10 Reactive Power Regulation

Parameter	Definition/Setting Description	Range
Reactive power gener- ation at night	Switch for enabling/disabling reactive power generation at night function.	Enable/Disable
Reactive power ratio at night	Reactive power ratio set for the reactive power generation at night function.	-100%~0%/ 0%~100%
Reactive power setting persistence	Switch for enabling/disabling the power-off function during reactive power.	Enable/Disable
Reactive power regu- lation mode	_	Off/PF/Qt/Q(P)/Q(U)

The inverter provides the reactive power regulation function. Enable this function under "Reactive Power Regulation Mode" and select the appropriate mode.



Mode	Descriptions
Off	The PF is fixed at +1.000.
PF	The reactive power can be regulated by the parameter PF (Power Factor).
Qt	The reactive power can be regulated by the parameter Q-Var limits (in %).
Q(P)	The PF changes with the output power of the inverter.
Q(U)	The reactive power changes with the grid voltage.

table 7-11 Descriptions of reactive power regulation mode:

"Off" Mode

The reactive power regulation function is disabled. The PF is limited to +1.000.

"PF" Mode

The power factor is fixed and reactive power setpoint is calculated according to the current power. The PF ranges from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging.

Leading: the inverter is sourcing reactive power to the grid.

Lagging: the inverter is injecting reactive power into the grid.

"Qt" Mode

In the Qt mode, system rated reactive power is fixed, and the system injects reactive power according to the delivered reactive power ratio. The **Reactive Power Ratio** is set through the App.

The setting range of the reactive power ratio is 0~100% or 0~-100%, corresponding to the ranges of inductive and capacitive reactive power regulation respectively.

"Q(P)" Mode

The PF of the inverter output varies in response to the output power of the inverter.

table 7-12 "Q(P)" Mode Parameter Descriptions:

Parameter	Explanation	Range	
Q(P) Curve	Select corresponding curve according to	A, B, C*	
	local regulations		
QP_P1	Output power at P1 on the Q(P) mode	00/ 4000/	
	curve (in percentage)	0% ~ 100%	
QP_P2	Output power at P2 on the Q(P) mode	20% ~ 100%	
Qr_rz	curve (in percentage)		
QP_P3	Output power at P3 on the Q(P) mode	20% ~ 100%	
	curve (in percentage)		
QP_K1	Power factor at P1 on the Q(P) mode		
<u> </u>	curve		
QP_K2	Power factor at P2 on the Q(P) mode	Curve A/C: 0.8 ~ 1	
<u> </u>	curve	Curve B: - 0.6 ~ 0.6	
QP_K3	Power factor at P3 on the Q(P) mode		
<u> </u>	curve		

Parameter	Explanation	Range
QP_	Voltage percentage for Q(P) function	100% ~ 110%
EnterVoltage	activation	100% ~ 110%
QP_ExitVoltage	Voltage percentage for Q(P) function	90% ~ 100%
	deactivation	
QP ExitPower	Power percentage for Q(P) function	1%~100%
	deactivation	176 100 76
QP EnableMode	Unconditional activation/deactivation of Q	Yes / No
	(P) function	
QU_Limited PF	PE value for O(LI) function activation	0-1
Value	PF value for Q(U) function activation	0~1

* Curve C is reserved and consistent with Curve A currently.



figure 7-19 Q(P) Curve

table 7-13 "Q(U)" Mode Parameter Descriptions:

Parameter	Explanation	Range
Q(U) curve	Select corresponding curve according to lo-	A, B, C*
	cal regulations	
Hysteresis Ratio	Voltage hysteresis ratio on the Q(U) mode	0 50/
	curve	0~5%
QU_V1	Grid voltage limit at P1 on the Q(U) mode	80% ~ 100%
40_11	curve	0070 ** 10070
QU_Q1	Value of Q/Sn at P1 on the Q(U) mode	-60% ~ 0
	curve	
QU_V2	Grid voltage limit at P2 on the Q(U) mode	80% ~ 100%
	curve	0070 10070
QU_Q2	Value of Q/Sn at P2 on the Q(U) mode	-60% ~ 60%
	curve	
QU_V3	Grid voltage limit at P3 on the Q(U) mode	100% ~ 120%
	curve	
QU_Q3	Value of Q/Sn at P3 on the Q(U) mode	-60% ~ 60%
	curve	

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Parameter	Explanation	Range
QU V4	Grid voltage limit at P4 on the Q(U) mode	100% ~ 120%
40_14	curve	10070 12070
QU Q4	Value of Q/Sn at P4 on the Q(U) mode	0~60%
Q0_Q4	curve	
QU_EnterPower	Active power for Q(U) function activation	20% ~ 100%
QU_ExitPower	Active power for Q(U) function deactivation	1% ~ 20%
QU_EnableMode	Unconditional activation/deactivation of Q	Yes / No / Yes,
	(U) function	Limited by PF

* Curve C is reserved and consistent with Curve A currently.



figure 7-20 Q(U) Curve

7.6.4 Communication Parameters

Tap "Settings→Communication Parameters→Serial Port Parameters" to enter the corresponding interface, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-21 Serial Port Parameters

table 7-14 Serial Port Parameters

Parameter	Range
Device Address	1–246

7.6.5 Firmware Update

To avoid download failure due to poor on-site network signal, it is recommended to download the firmware package to the mobile device in advance.

- Step 1 Enable the "Mobile data" of the mobile device.
- Step 2 Open the App, enter the account and password on the login interface. Tap Login to enter the home interface.

- Step 3 Tap "More→Firmware Download" to enter corresponding interface on which you can view the device list.
- Step 4 Select the device model before downloading the firmware. Tap the device name in the device

list to enter the firmware upgrade package detail interface, and tap $\stackrel{\checkmark}{\rightharpoonup}$ behind the firmware upgrade package to download it.

< back	<u> </u>	
SG33CX		
Inverter		
Once the download is complete, select the downloaded upgrade package to upgrade through "Local Access/ More/Firmware Update">>		
Sg33cx_20210519.zip	<u>↓</u>	

- **Step 5** Return to the **Firmware Download** screen, tap $\underline{\checkmark}$ in the upper right corner of the interface to view the downloaded firmware upgrade package.
- Step 6 Login the App via local access. Refer to "7.4.2 Login Procedure".
- Step 7 Tap More on the App home page and then tap Firmware Update.
- Step 8 Tap the upgrade package file, a prompt box will pop up asking whether to upgrade the firmware with the file, tap **CONFIRM** to perform the firmware upgrade.

SELECT FIRMWARE
Downloaded file
Sg33cx_20210519.zip
SG33CX

Step 9 Wait for the file to be uploaded. When the upgrade is finished, a message is displayed indicating that the upgrade is completed. Tap **Complete** to end the upgrade.



- - End

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7.6.6 Grounding Detection

Contact your distributor to obtain the advanced account and corresponding password before setting the earth detection parameters. If the distributor is unable to provide the required information, contact SUNGROW.

Unauthorized personnel are not allowed to log in with this account. Otherwise, SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damages caused.

Tap "More→Settings→Operation Parameters→Grounding Detection" to enter the corresponding screen.

< BACK	
GROUNDING DETECTION	
Grounding Detection	
Grounding Detection Alarm Value 30.0 V	

figure 7-22 Grounding Detection

If the grounding detection is enabled, the DO relay will switch on automatically to signal the external alarm if the value exceeds the grounding detection alarm value.

The PV insulation resistance fault (fault sub-code 039) will trigger the DO relay to signal the external alarm.

7.6.7 Password Changing

Tap **Modify Password** to enter the modify password interface, as shown in the following figure.

MODIFY PASSWO	DRD	
Enter a new password. Setting this password will overwrite the previous password.		
The password shall cons letters and numbers.	ist of 8-20 digits, including	
user		
	(3) 7mm	
Co	nfirm	

figure 7-23 Modify Password

The password shall consisit of 8–20 digits, including letters and numbers.
7.7 Plant Creation and Device Management

7.7.1 Create an Account



Step 1 Tap Register.

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Step 2 Select a Server, and choose to create a Retailer/Installer or Owner account according to the actual needs. Then, tap "Next".

Users in mainland China may choose **Chinese Server** and can only create a Retailer/Installer account.

European and African users may choose **European Server**, Australian users may choose **Australian Server**, and users in other countries/regions may choose **International Server**. These users can create an Owner or a Retailer/Installer account.

Step 3 Complete the required information. Information required for registration include: Country/ Region, Password, Phone Number/Email, Verification Code, Company Name, and Code of Upper Level Installer/Retailer. The Distributor/Installer may also set a Username, which is optional.

Please register with a phone number if you select the **Chinese Server**.

Please register with an email if you select the **International Server**, **European Server**, or **Australian Server**.



You can contact your upper-level retailer/installer for the "Code of Upper Level Installer/Retailer". Entering this code indicates that your organization is subordinate to an upper-level retailer/installer.

Step 4 Tap REGISTER to complete registration.

- - End

7.7.2 Create a Plant

Requirements

- The matching communication device for the inverter has been properly installed.
- There are available wireless home networks, and your mobile phone has connected to a wireless home network.
- You have already logged in to the iSolarCloud App. You can create an iSolarCloud account by yourself, or contact your distributor/installer or SUNGROW for the account and password.

Devices are managed as part of a plant on the iSolarCloud App. You can add different types of devices to the plant, e.g., inverters, batteries, and communication modules. The following three steps are required to create a plant: "7.7.2.1 Complete Plant Information", "7.7.2.2 Add Communication Device & Set up Network Connection", and "7.7.2.3 Set Tariffs".

7.7.2.1 Complete Plant Information

Background Information

User interfaces for creating a plant may differ slightly by the plant type, inverter type, or communication device. Please refer to the interfaces actually shown on the App. Some of the required information need to be acquired in advance, for example:

- To authorize the Distributor/Installer to manage the plant, the Owner needs to ask them for their distributor/installer code.
- To assist the Owner in creating a plant, the Distributor/Installer needs to ask for the owner's phone number.

Step 1 Open the iSolarCloud App. Enter the account name and password on the login screen -> log into the account -> tap Create Plant -> fill in the general information of the plant -> save the settings.

More		More	SUNGROW	
SUNGROW Welcome to ISolarCloud		Sungrow Deutschland GmbH (also referred to as "Sungrow", "we", "us" or "our") attaches great importance to your privacy. Therefore, we have worked out a privacy policy that covers how we process your	~	
136 xxxx 5679		personal data as the data controller when you use our iSolarCloud service via the website www.isolarcloud.com (the		
slojofeljajojojoje > ₂₇ 4		"website") or via the iSolarCloud App (the "App"; the website and the App together		
Remember Password Forgot Password Login Vidtor Login Register		referred to as "SelarCload". This privacy policy also tells you how you can exercise your data subject's rights (including the right to object to some of the data handing we carry out). More information about your rights and how you can exercise them is set out in the "Your Rights and Cholees" section below. In addition to this privacy policy, we have embedded data and privacy information in	There is no plant, please create a plan	nt first
Local Access		DISAGREE AGR	Monitoring Faults Support	C Account
	< • Plant	General Information	Create Plant	Cancel
	My		••	
	* Instal	led PV Power (kWp)	02 Device Setup	>
	25		03 Tariff	>
	* Plant	Туре		
	Resic	lential Storage 🗸 🗸		
	* Detail	ed Address		
	Zunh	ua, Tangshan, Hebei, China 💿		
	* City			
	Tang	shan		
		Save and Continue	Start	,

table 7-15 Parameters Required for Creating a Plant

Parameter	Description		
Plant Name*	Enter the plant name.		
Installed PV Power (kWp)*	Enter the installed power.		
Plant Type*	Select the plant type.		
	The location of the plant, which can be set in the follow- ing two ways:		
Detailed Address*	 Manual setting: Enter the location of the plant in the input box. 		
	 Auto acquisition: Tap O to get the current location automatically. 		

Parameter	Description
City*	The city where the plant is located.
Postal Code	The postal code of the place where the plant is located.
Country/Region*	The country (region) where the plant is located.
Time Zone*	The time zone of the place where the plant is located.
Module Model	The model of the PV module actually used in the plant.
Owner's Email Address*	Enter the owner's email address.
Grid-connection Type*	Set the grid-connection type for the plant.
Grid-connected Date	Shows the current date by default. You may tap 🛱 to set the grid-connected date.
Plant Image	Upload an image of the plant.



- Note: * indicates required fields.
- Upon opening "Create Plant", detailed information about the plant location will be acquired automatically.

- - End

7.7.2.2 Add Communication Device & Set up Network Connection

Background Information

Communication devices are used for network connection between the inverter and the server. To allow exchange with the server, users need to add a communication device to the plant and complete network configuration accordingly. The communication device should connect to the wireless home network, or any other network that is available. After the network connection is established, the communication device will collect the inverter's operating data and upload them to the server. Users can view all kinds of plant data on the iSolarCloud App.

Requirements

• Make sure the mobile phone has connected to a home network.

Step 1 Scan the QR code on the device to add it to the plant.



Step 2 Connect the communication device to the home network, so that data can be transferred to the iSolarCloud server over the home network.

Tap **Network** -> enter the password -> press the button on the communication device once by following the onscreen instructions -> wait for the network connection to be established -> complete network configuration.



--End

7.7.2.3 Set Tariffs

Tariff is required for revenue calculation. Please contact your local power company for energy tariff if needed.

Step 1 Set your preferred currency in Unit —> set Feed-in Tariff and Consumption Tariff —> save the settings.

< Edit Tariff	Skip
Tariff is used for revenue calculatic don't know your tariff, please conta electric power company.	
Unit	
EUR	~
Feed-in Tariff	
Tariff Type	
Fixed Tariff	~
Tariff(EUR/kWh)	
Please Enter	
Consumption Tariff	
Tariff Tupe	
Save and Continue	η
Save and exit	$\mathbf{\mathcal{D}}$

Step 2 Tap Complete. Now the steps for creating a plant are completed.



- - End

7.7.3 PV Plant Information

Power Flow: Information such as generated output and feed-in power of the PV system are shown here. Arrows between the icons indicate that there is energy flowing between the devices. The direction in which the arrow points indicates the direction of the energy flow.



Users granted access to live data can see the live data status:

- Live data enabled

 Live data not enabled

 Enabling live data
- The device does not support live data

The Owner can view operation information of the plant such as **Today Yield** and **Today Revenue**.

The Distributor/Installer can view operation information of the plant such as **Energy Analysis**, **Production** and **Consumption** of power, and **Earning**.

Take Energy Analysis as an example:

You can toggle between **Curve** and **Summary** to check the curves and the production and consumption data.



Tap $\stackrel{\textbf{R}, \textbf{P}}{\checkmark}$ in the upper right corner of the curve graph to view it in landscape mode.





7.7.4 Set up Optimizer Layout (Optional)

7.7.4.1 Single Inverter Scenario

Step 1 Add an inverter:

- 1 Choose the target plant, and tap " $\equiv \rightarrow$ Layout Settings". Then, tap \bigoplus at the bottom of this screen.
- 2 Choose **Inverter**, and tap the blank area of the canvas. Set the number of inverters, and tap **Add** to add an inverter.



3 Choose the inverter that has been added, and tap **Assign** to associate it with the corresponding S/N.



Step 2 Add a PV module:

- 1 Tap 😌 at the bottom of the screen.
- 2 Choose **Generate From Image**. Tap the plus button in the middle of the screen, and choose **Take photo with camera** or **Select from album** to upload the physical layout template.



NOTICE

- Do not take photos of the physical layout template under strong light. Otherwise, the QR code may not be recognized due to reflection of light.
- Please turn off the live photo function on the phone when taking photos and upload a still photo. Otherwise, the QR code may not be recognized.
- 3 Tap **Start Recognition**. Wait for the **Recognition Results** to pop up on the screen, and then tap **Continue**.



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4 Check whether the optimizers have all been recognized successfully; if not, you may add them manually. Tap \bigoplus at the bottom of the screen, and choose **PV Module**. Tap the blank area of the canvas, complete the required information, and tap **Add**.

<	5 C 8 0	<	5 C	8	<	5 ∣ €	•	<		5	C	•
۲	Φ	٢		Ф	Please cli canvas to	ck on the blank area (add	of the ×	١				¢
									Add F	V Modu	iles	×
								Line 0 10	20	30	1	+
<u> </u>					-		-	0				
					•			Column			1	+
					7			 0 10 20 O	30 40	50 60	70 80	90 100
								Azimuth Ar	gle		0	Ĥ
			Add Module	×		6		Tilt Angle			0	Ŧ
			αD			E						
		Inverter	PV Mo	Meter								
B	Contraction Contraction		S Generate From Ima	ige	Benice	A	Logic	Cane	el		Add	

5 Choose the module that has been added, and tap **Assign** to associate it with the corresponding S/N.

Step 3 Add a Meter:

- 1 Tap 😌 at the bottom of the screen.
- 2 Choose Meter, and tap the blank area of the canvas. Then, set the number, and tap Add.
- 3 Choose the meter that has been added, and tap **Assign** to associate it with the corresponding S/N.

Step 4 Set up the logical layout:

1 Tap **Logic** in the lower right corner of the screen. Select the target string. Tap or move the corresponding modules with your finger to arrange them in the right order according to the actual wiring of the optimizers. Then, tap **Complete**.



- 2 Tap Exit after completing the logical layout setup for all optimizers.
- 3 In case modules are arranged incorrectly, you can choose a module, and tap **Clear** at the bottom of the screen. Then, tap "Confirm" to clear the short codes of the current and the subsequent modules.



Step 5 After completing the layout setup, tap in the upper right of the screen to publish.

If the layout does not need to be published immediately, you can tap in the upper right corner of the screen to save the layout settings.

- - End

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7.7.4.2 Multi-inverter Scenario

Step 1 Add an inverter:

- 1 Choose the target plant, and tap " $\equiv \rightarrow$ Layout Settings". Then, tap \bigoplus at the bottom of this screen.
- 2 Choose **Inverter**, and tap the blank area of the canvas. Set the number of inverters, and tap **Add** to add an inverter.



3 Choose the inverter that has been added, and tap **Assign** to associate it with the corresponding S/N.

<	ć	¢		ᢙ	<		5	¢	ᢙ
١				Ð					¢
						Associate	Inver	ter	×
•74	•% •%	•12	•"ha		Q Search				
023520580	2 B23270665 B23270666	035279584	-	-	null				
					B23327058	" ¶m			
						\odot			
	€ 16v veter								
	Inverter			×					
S/N									
Delet	ie	Ass	ign	in the second				_	

Step 2 Where more than one inverter is installed, turn on the DC and AC switches of Inverter 1, and turn off the DC and AC switches of the other inverters.

Step 3 See Steps 2 to 4 in "7.7.4.1 Single Inverter Scenario".

Step 4 After completing the above settings, tap \bigoplus in the upper right of the screen to publish.

- Step 5 Set Auto Frequency Point Setting to Disable, and modify the frequency point for Inverter 1 by referring to "Check Device Information".
- **Step 6** Complete layout settings for the other inverters by referring to Steps 2 to 4 specified in this section.

Each time you are about to carry out layout setting, turn off the DC and AC switches of the inverters that have not been set. Besides, set different frequency points for different inverters respectively, with the set values going from high to low. For instance, the frequency point set for Inverter 1 is 490 kHz, the frequency set for Inverter 2 is 460 kHz, and so on.

- - End

7.7.4.3 Optimizer Information

If the plant is equipped with optimizers, you will see an icon in the lower right corner of the plant's picture on the **Monitoring** screen. Tap this plant, and choose **Layout** at the top of the screen to view detailed information.



7.7.4.4 View Layout

View Optimizer Layout

Tap **T** at the upper left of the screen. You can choose **Physical Layout** or **Logical Layout** to check the corresponding layout.



View Power Yield Data

Tap **v** at the upper right of the screen. You can choose **Daily Yield**, **Monthly Yield**, **Annual Yield**, or **Total Yield** to check the yield of each PV module.

Tap \blacksquare at the upper right of the screen. Choose **Power** to enable the live data function. You can then tap " $\equiv \rightarrow$ **Live Data**" to check the live data of this plant.

Check Status and Number of Optimizers

Tap > in the lower left corner of the screen to check the status and number of optimizers.

Check Device Information

Overview	Layout	Device
Physical Layout 🔻	Daily Yield 🔻	
С	ptimizer 2-4-8	з ×
Q S/N		A2242201688
Data Update Time:	28/06/2023 16:25	
Tilt Angle		0
Azimuth Ar	ngle	0
Running data		
Total Yield(kWh)	83.698
Input Volta	ge(V)	28.4
Output Vol	tage(V)	27.5
Input Curre	ent(A)	1.54
	Settings	

- Tap a module on the screen to check its **Running data** and **Device Information**.
- Tap Settings to set PV Module Total Yield Adjustment.

Device	Layout	Overview
	Daily Yield 🔻	Physical Layout 🔻
×	逆变器2	
A2331133398		Q S/N
	8/06/2023 16:25	ata Update Time: 2
78.3	kWh)	Today Yield(
78.3	Wh)	Total Yield(k
4.847	ver(kW)	🔕 Total DC Pov
217.2	age(V)	🔅 Phase A Vol
219.1	age(V)	🔅 Phase B Vol
219.2	age(V)	🙆 Phase C Vol
6.9	rent(A)	🙆 Phase A Cur
Settings		Information

- Tap an inverter on the screen to check its yield data.
- Tap Information at the lower left of the screen to check the detailed device information such as General Information, Faults, Curve, Settings, and Remote Signaling Status.
- Tap **Settings** at the lower right of the screen, and choose **Inverter Settings**.By choosing **Inverter Settings**, you can set relevant parameters for the inverter.



Check Devices

Tap **Device** at the lower left of the screen to check the S/N and No. of the optimizers attached to each string in this plant.

View Curves

Tap **Curve** in the lower right corner of the screen. Choose a module, and tap **Curve** to check its power generation data displayed as a curve.



8 System Decommissioning

8.1 Disconnect the Inverter

Danger of burns!

Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.

For maintenance or other service work, the inverter must be switched off. Proceed as follows to disconnect the inverter from the AC and DC power sources. Lethal voltages or damage to the inverter will follow if otherwise.

Step 1 Disconnect the external AC circuit breaker and prevent it from inadvertent reconnection.

Step 2 Rotate the DC switch to the "OFF" position for disconnecting all of the PV string inputs.

Step 3 Wait about 15 minutes until the capacitors inside the inverter completely discharge.

Step 4 Ensure that the DC cable is current-free with a current clamp.

- - End

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8.2 Dismantle the Inverter

Risk of burn injuries and electric shock!

After the inverter is powered off for minutes, measure the voltage and current with professional instrument. Only when there is no voltage nor current can operators who wear protective equipment operate and maintain the inverter.

- Before dismantling the inverter, disconnect the inverter from both AC and DC power sources.
- If there are more than two layers of inverter DC terminals, dismantle the outer DC connectors before dismantling the inner ones.
- If the original packing materials are available, put the inverter inside them and then seal them using adhesive tape. If the original packing materials are not available, put the inverter inside a cardboard box suitable for the weight and size of this inverter and seal it properly.

Step 1 Refer to "5 Electrical Connection" to disconnect all cables in reverse steps. In particular, when removing the DC connector, use a connector wrench to loosen the locking parts and install waterproof plugs.



- Step 2 Refer to "4 Mechanical Mounting", to dismantle the inverter in reverse steps.
- Step 3 If necessary, remove the wall-mounting bracket from the wall.
- **Step 4** If the inverter will be used again in the future, please refer to "3.2 Inverter Storage" for a proper conservation.
 - - End

8.3 Disposal of Inverter

Users take the responsibility for the disposal of the inverter.

WARNING

Please scrap the inverter in accordance with relevant local regulations and standards to avoid property losses or casualties.

NOTICE

Some parts of the inverter may cause environmental pollution. Please dispose of them in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.

9 Troubleshooting and Maintenance

9.1 Troubleshooting

Once the inverter fails, the fault information is displayed on the App interface. If the inverter is equipped with an LCD screen, the fault information can be viewed on it.

The fault codes and troubleshooting methods of all PV inverters are detailed in the table below, and only some of the faults may occur to the model you purchased. When a fault occurs, you can check the fault information according to the fault code on the mobile app.

Fault Code	Fault Name	Corrective Measures
		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault oc- curs repeatedly:
2, 3, 14, 15	Grid Overvoltage	 Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is higher than the set value. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD. Modify the overvoltage protection values with the con- sent of the local electric power operator.
		 Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre- ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.
		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault oc-
	Grid Undervoltage	1. Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is lower than the set value.
		2. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD.
		3. Check whether the AC cable is firmly in place.
		4. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre- ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.

Fault Code	Fault Name	Corrective Measures
	Grid	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the
8	Overfrequency	grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault oc-
		curs repeatedly:
		1. Measure the actual grid frequency, and contact
		the local electric power company for solutions if
	Grid	the grid frequency is beyond the set range.
9	Underfrequency	2. Check whether the protection parameters are
		appropriately set via the App or the LCD.
		3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-
		ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.
		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the
		grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault oc-
		curs repeatedly:
		1. Check whether the grid supplies power reliably.
		2. Check whether the AC cable is firmly in place.
	Grid Power Outage	3. Check whether the AC cable is connected to
10		the correct terminal (whether the live wire and
		the N wire are correctly in place).
		4. Check whether the AC circuit breaker is
		connected.
		5. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-
		ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.
		1. The fault can be caused by poor sunlight or
		damp environment, and generally the inverter will
		be reconnected to the grid after the environment
12	Excess Leakage	is improved.
12	Current	2. If the environment is normal, check whether
		the AC and DC cables are well insulated.
		3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-
		ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.
		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the
		grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault oc-
		curs repeatedly:
13	Grid Abnormal	1. Measure the actual grid, and contact the local
10		electric power company for solutions if the grid
		parameter exceeds the set range.
		2. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-
		ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.

Fault Code	Fault Name	Corrective Measures
		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the
		grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault oc-
		curs repeatedly:
		1. Measure the actual grid voltage. If grid phase
17	Grid Voltage	voltages differ greatly, contact the electric power company for solutions.
17	Imbalance	2. If the voltage difference between phases is
		within the permissible range of the local power
		company, modify the grid voltage imbalance pa-
		rameter through the App or the LCD.
		3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-
		ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.
		1. Check whether the corresponding string is of
		reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch and adjust the polarity when the string current
		drops below 0.5 A.
28, 29, 208,	PV Reserve Con-	2. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-
212, 448-479	nection Fault	ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.
		*The code 28 to code 29 are corresponding to
		PV1 to PV2 respectively.
		*The code 448 to code 479 are corresponding to
		string 1 to string 32 respectively.
		1. Check whether the corresponding string is of
		reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch
		and adjust the polarity when the string current
		drops below 0.5 A.
532-547, 564-	PV Reverse Con-	2. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-
579	nection Alarm	ceding causes are ruled out and the alarm persists.
		*The code 532 to code 547 are corresponding to
		string 1 to string 16 respectively.
		*The code 564 to code 579 are corresponding to
		string 17 to string 32 respectively.

Fault Code	Fault Name	Corrective Measures				
		Check whether the voltage and current of the in-				
		verter is abnormal to determine the cause of the				
		alarm.				
		1. Check whether the corresponding module is				
		sheltered. If so, remove the shelter and ensure				
		module cleanness.				
		2. Check whether the battery board wiring is				
E10 E62 E00	PV Abnormal	loose, if so, make it reliably connected.				
548-563, 580- 595	Alarm	3. Check if the DC fuse is damaged. If so, replace				
292	Aldini	the fuse.				
		4. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-				
		ceding causes are ruled out and the alarm				
		persists.				
		*The code 548 to code 563 are corresponding to				
		string 1 to string 16 respectively.				
		*The code 580 to code 595 are corresponding to				
		string 17 to string 32 respectively.				
		Generally, the inverter will resume operation				
		when the internal or module temperature returns				
		to normal. If the fault persists:				
		1. Check whether the ambient temperature of the				
		inverter is too high;				
	Excessively High	2. Check whether the inverter is in a well-venti-				
37	Ambient	lated place;				
51	Temperature	3. Check whether the inverter is exposed to di-				
		rect sunlight. Shield it if so;				
		4. Check whether the fan is running properly. Re-				
		place the fan if not;				
		5. Contact Sungrow Power Customer Service if				
		the fault is due to other causes and the fault				
		persists.				
	Excessively Low	Stop and disconnect the inverter. Restart the in-				
43	Ambient	verter when the ambient temperature rises within				
	Temperature	the operation temperature range.				

Fault Code	Fault Name	Corrective Measures			
		Wait for the inverter to return to normal. If the			
		fault occurs repeatedly:			
		1. Check whether the ISO resistance protection value is excessively high via the app or the LCD, and ensure that it complies with the local regulations.			
	Low System Insu-	2. Check the resistance to ground of the string and DC cable. Take corrective measures in case of short circuit or damaged insulation layer.			
39	lation Resistance (Earth Fault)	 If the cable is normal and the fault occurs on rainy days, check it again when the weather turns fine. 			
		4. If there are batteries, check whether battery cables are damaged and whether terminals are loose or in poor contact. If so, replace the damaged cable and secure terminals to ensure a reliable connection.			
		5. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre- ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists			
		1. Check whether the AC cable is correctly connected.			
106	Grounding Cable Fault	2. Check whether the insulation between the ground cable and the live wire is normal.			
		3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre- ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists			
88		1. Disconnect the DC power supply, and check whether any DC cable is damaged, the connec- tion terminal or fuse is loose or there is a weak contact. If so, replace the damaged cable, fasten the terminal or fuse, and replace the burnt component.			
	Electric Arc Fault	2. After performing step 1, reconnect the DC power supply, and clear the electric arc fault via the App or the LCD, after that the inverter will re-turn to normal.			
		3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the fault persists.			

Fault Code	Fault Name	Corrective Measures			
		1. Check if the meter is wrongly connected.			
	Reverse Connec-	2. Check if the input and output wiring of the me-			
84	tion Alarm of the	ter is reversed.			
01	Meter/CT	3. If the existing system is enabled, please check			
		if the rated power setting of the existing inverter			
		is correct.			
514		1. Check whether the communication cable and			
		the terminals are abnormal. If so, correct them to			
	Meter Communi-	ensure reliable connection.			
	cation Abnormal	2. Reconnect the communication cable of the			
	Alarm	meter.			
		3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-			
		ceding causes are ruled out and the alarm			
		persists.			
		1. Check whether the output port is connected to			
323	Crid Confrontation	actual grid. Disconnect it from the grid if so.			
323	Alarm Grid Confrontation	2. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-			
		ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.			
		1. Check whether the communication cable and			
		the terminals are abnormal. If so, correct them to			
	las centen Denellel	ensure reliable connection.			
75	Inverter Parallel	2. Reconnect the communication cable of the			
75	Communication Alarm	meter.			
		3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-			
		ceding causes are ruled out and the alarm			
		persists.			

Fault Code	Fault Name	Corrective Measures			
7, 11, 16, 19–					
25, 30–34, 36,					
38, 40–42, 44–					
50, 52–58, 60–					
69, 85, 87, 92,		1. Wait for the inverter to return to normal.			
93, 100–105,		2. Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and dis-			
107–114, 116–		connect the battery side switches if there are bat-			
124, 200–211,	System Fault	teries. Close the AC and DC switches in turn 15			
248–255, 300–		minutes later and restart the system.			
322, 324–328,		,			
401–412, 600–		3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-			
603, 605, 608,		ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.			
612, 616, 620,					
622–624, 800,					
802, 804, 807,					
1096–1122					
59, 70–74, 76–		1. The inverter can continue running.			
83, 89, 216–		2. Check whether the related wiring and terminal			
218, 220–233,		are abnormal, check whether there are any for-			
432–434, 500–	System Alarm	eign materials or other environmental abnormal-			
513, 515–518,	Cystom / dam	ities, and take corresponding corrective			
635–638, 900,		measures when necessary.			
901, 910, 911,		3. If the fault persists, please contact Sungrow			
996		Power Customer Service.			
		1. Check whether the corresponding string is of			
		reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch			
		and adjust the polarity when the string current			
264-283	MPPT Reverse	drops below 0.5 A.			
	Connection	2. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the pre-			
		ceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists.			
		*The code 264 to code 279 are corresponding to			
		string 1 to string 20 respectively.			

Fault Code	Fault Name	Corrective Measures
		1. The inverter can continue running.
		2. Check whether the related wiring and termi-
		nals are abnormal, check whether there are any
332-363	Boost Capacitor Overvoltage Alarm Boost Capacitor Overvoltage Alarm Boost Capacitor Overvoltage Alarm Boost Capacitor Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and disconnect the battery side switches in turn 15	
332-303	Overvoltage Alarm	malities, and take corresponding corrective
		measures when necessary.
		If the fault persists, please contact Sungrow
		Power Customer Service.
		1. Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and dis-
364-395		connect the battery side switches if there are bat-
	Boost Capacitor	teries. Close the AC and DC switches in turn 15
	Overvoltage Fault	minutes later and restart the system.
		2. If the fault persists, please contact Sungrow
		Power Customer Service.
		1. Check whether the number of PV modules of
		the corresponding string is less than other strings.
		If so, disconnect the DC switch and adjust the PV
		module configuration when the string current
		drops below 0.5 A.
1548-1579	String Current	2. Check whether the PV module is shaded;
1546-1579	Reflux	3. Disconnect the DC switch to check whether
		the open circuit voltage is normal when the string
		current drops below 0.5 A. If so, check the wiring
		and configuration of the PV module,
		4. Check whether the orientation of the PV mod-
		ule is abnormal.

Fault Code	Fault Name	Corrective Measures
1600 - 1615, 1632 - 1655	PV Grounding Fault	 When the fault occurs, it is forbidden to directly disconnect the DC switch and unplug PV terminals when the direct current is greater than 0.5 A; Wait until the direct current of the inverter falls below 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug the faulty strings; Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the grounding fault is cleared; If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.
1616	System Hardware Fault	 It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch when the DC current is greater than 0.5 A when the fault occurs. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inver- ter DC side current drops below 0.5 A. It is prohibited to power up the inverter again. Please contact Sungrow Customer Service.

Once a fault occurs to the optimizer, the fault information is displayed on the App.

Fault	Fault	Possible	Correction Mathed
Code	Name	Cause	Corrective Method
		The PV	
4	Input overvolt- age	voltage is higher than the set pro- tection	Check whether the open-circuit voltage of the PV module connected to the optimizer exceeds the maximum input voltage allowed by the optimizer.
		value	
512	Hardware fault	A hardware fault occurs to the optimizer	Please contact Sungrow Customer Service.
		The opti-	1. Check the light condition, and update the opti-
1024	Update	mizer soft-	mizer again if the light is normal.
1024	failed	ware fails to upgrade	2. If the fault persists, please contact Sungrow Customer Service.

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- If there is a string current backfeed fault, first check whether the optimizer is offline.
- Contact the dealer if the measures listed in the "Troubleshooting Method" column have been taken but the problem persists. Contact SUNGROW if the dealer fails to solve the problem.

9.2 Maintenance

9.2.1 Maintenance Notices

A DANGER

Risk of inverter damage or personal injury due to incorrect service!

- Be sure to use special insulation tools when perform high-voltage operations.
- Before maintenance, disconnect the AC circuit breaker on the grid side and then the DC switch. If a fault that may cause personal injury or device damage is found before maintenance, disconnect the AC circuit breaker and wait until the night before operating the DC switch. Otherwise, a fire inside the product or an explosion may occur, causing personal injuries.
- After the inverter is powered off for 15 minutes, measure the voltage and current with professional instrument. Only when there is no voltage nor current can operators who wear protective equipment operate and maintain the inverter
- Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.

A DANGER

When maintaining the product, it is strictly prohibited to open the product if there is an odor or smoke or if the product appearance is abnormal. If there is no odor, smoke, or obvious abnormal appearance, repair or restart the inverter according to the alarm corrective measures. Avoid standing directly in front of the inverter during maintenance.

CAUTION

To prevent misuse or accidents caused by unrelated personnel: Post prominent warning signs or demarcate safety warning areas around the inverter to prevent accidents caused by misuse.

NOTICE

Restart the inverter only after removing the fault that impairs safety performance. As the inverter contains no component parts that can be maintained, never open the enclosure, or replace any internal components.

To avoid the risk of electric shock, do not perform any other maintenance operations beyond this manual. If necessary, contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW. Otherwise, the losses caused is not covered by the warranty.

NOTICE

Touching the PCB or other static sensitive components may cause damage to the device.

- Do not touch the circuit board unnecessarily.
- Observe the regulations to protect against electrostatic and wear an anti-static wrist strap.

9.2.2 Rapid Shutdown

The PV system can perform a rapid shutdown, reducing the output voltage of strings to below 30 V within 30 s.

Triggering methods of rapid shutdown:

- Method 1: Turn off the AC circuit breaker between the inverter and the grid.
- Method 2: Connect DI and PGND in COM2 port to trigger rapid shutdown. Disconnect DI and PGND to exit the rapid shutdown mode.

NOTICE

- The rapid shutdown is not supported if optimizers are configured for partial MPPT deployment scenario.
- Please check regularly whether the rapid shutdown function is normal.

Item	Method	Period	
	Check whether the air outlet and heat sink are blocked by dust and other	Six months to a year	
Device clean	objects. Check if the air inlet and outlet are	(depend on the dust con-	
	normal. Clean the air inlet and outlet,	tents in air)	
	if necessary. Check whether there is a fan alarm on the App.		
Fans	Check whether there is any abnormal noise when the fan is rotating.	Once a year	
	Clean or replace the fans if necessary (see the following section).		
Cable entry	Check whether the cable entry is in- sufficiently sealed or the gap is exces- sively large, and reseal the entry when necessary.	Once a year	
Electrical	Check whether cables are loose or fall off.		
connection	Check whether the cable is damaged, especially the part in contact with the metal enclosure.	Six months to a year	

9.2.3 Routine Maintenance

9.2.4 Cleaning Air Inlet and Outlet

A significant amount of heat is generated when the inverter is working.

In order to maintain good ventilation, please check to make sure the air inlet and outlet are not blocked.

Clean the air inlet and outlet with soft brush or vacuum cleaner if necessary.

9.2.5 Fan Maintenance

A DANGER

- Power off the inverter and disconnect it from all power supplies before maintaining fans.
- After the inverter is powered off for 15 minutes, measure the voltage and current with professional instrument. Only when there is no voltage nor current can operators who wear protective equipment operate and maintain the inverter.
- Fan maintenance must be performed by professionals.

Fans inside the inverter are used to cool the inverter during operation. If the fans do not operate normally, the inverter may not be cooled down and inverter efficiency may decrease. Therefore, it is necessary to clean dirty fans and replace the broken fans in a timely manner. The operation procedure is as follows:

- Step 1 Stop the inverter (see"8.1 Disconnect the Inverter")
- Step 2 Loosen the screw on the sealing plate of the fan module.



Step 3 Press the tab of the latch hook, unplug the cable connection joint outwards, and loosen the screw on the fan holder.



Step 4 Pull out the fan module, clean the fans with soft brush or vacuum cleaner, and replace them when necessary.



Step 5 Reinstall the fan back to the inverter in reverse order and restart the inverter.

- - End

10 Appendix

10.1 Technical Data

Parameters	SG25CX- P2	SG30CX- P2	SG33CX- P2	SG36CX- P2	SG40CX- P2	SG50CX- P2	
Input (DC)							
Recom- mended max. PV in- put power	35 kWp	42 kWp	46.2 kWp	50.4 kWp	56 kWp	70 kWp	
Max. PV in- put voltage	1100 V						
Min. PV in- put voltage / Startup in- put voltage		160 V / 200 V					
Rated PV input voltage	600 V						
MPP volt- age range			160 V ~	⁻ 1000 V			
MPP volt- age range for rated power	400 V ~ 800 V ⁽¹⁾ 500 V ~ 800 V ⁽¹⁾						
No. of inde- pendent MPP inputs	3 4						
No. of PV strings per MPPT	2 2						
Max. PV in- put current	(90 A (30 A * 3)	1	20 A (30 A * 4	4)	

Parameters	SG25CX- P2	SG30CX- P2	SG33CX- P2	SG36CX- P2	SG40CX- P2	SG50CX- P2	
Max. DC short-circuit current	1	120 A (40 A * 3) 160 A (40 A * 4)					
Max. current for DC connector			30	A			
Output (AC)							
Rated AC output power	25 kW	30 kW	33 kW	36 kW	40 kW	50 kW	
Max. AC output power	27.5 kVA	33 kVA (2)	36.3 kVA	40 kVA	44 kVA	55 kVA	
Max. AC output current	41.8 A	50.2 A	55.2 A	60.2 A	66.9 A	83.6 A	
Rated AC output cur- rent(at 230V)	36.2 A	43.5 A	47.8 A	52.17 A	58 A	72.5 A	
Rated AC voltage		3/N	l / PE, 220 / 3	380 V, 230 / 4	00 V		
AC voltage range		312 ~ 480 V					
Rated grid frequency	50 Hz / 60 Hz						
Grid fre- quency range	45 – 55 Hz / 55 – 65 Hz						
Harmonic (THD)			< 3 % (at R	ated power)			

Parameters	SG25CX- P2	SG30CX- P2	SG33CX- P2	SG36CX- P2	SG40CX- P2	SG50CX- P2	
Power fac- tor at Rated power / Ad- justable power factor		> 0.99 / 0.8 leading – 0.8 lagging					
Feed-in phases / connection phases		3 / 3-N-PE					
Efficiency							
Max. effi- ciency / European efficiency	98.4% / 98.2%		ç	98.5% / 98.3%	6		
Protection							
Grid monitoring			Ye	es			
DC re- verse con- nection pro- tection			Y	es			
AC short- circuit protection			Y	es			
Leakage current protection			Y	es			
Surge protection			DC Type I+I	/ AC Type II			
Ground fault monitoring			Y	es			
DC switch			Ye	es			

Parameters	SG25CX- P2	SG30CX- P2	SG33CX- P2	SG36CX- P2	SG40CX- P2	SG50CX- P2	
PV String current monitoring	Yes						
Arc fault cir- cuit inter- rupter (AFCI)		Yes					
PID recov- ery function			Ye	es			
General Data							
Dimensions (W*H*D)			645*575	*245 mm			
Mounting Method	Wall-mounting bracket						
Weight		38 kg		40 kg	40 kg	41 kg	
Topology			Transfo	merless			
Degree of protection			IP	66			
Corrosion			C	5			
Night power consump- tion			< 7	Ŵ			
Operating ambient temperature range			-30 to	60 ℃			
Allowable relative hu- midity range (non- condensing)			0 – 1	00 %			
Cooling method			Smart force	d air cooling			

Parameters	SG25CX- P2	SG30CX- P2	SG33CX- P2	SG36CX- P2	SG40CX- P2	SG50CX- P2			
Max. oper- ating altitude		4000 m							
Display			LED, Blue	tooth+APP					
Optimizer			SP600S	(Optional)					
Communi- cation		RS485 / Optional: WLAN, Ethernet							
DC connec- tion type		EVO2 (Max. 6 mm²)							
AC connec- tion type		OT or DT terminal OT terminal (16~35 mm²) (35~50 mm²)							
AC Cable specification	Outside diameter 18~38mm								
Grid Support	Q at night fu	unction, LVR		ve & reactive e control	power contro	l and power			

Note(1):

- The voltage difference between MPPTs should be less than 80 V.
- The voltage of the configured string should be higher than the lower limit of the rated MPPT voltage.

Note(2): 30kVA for Germany, Belgium, Austria, Ukraine and Denmark, 33kVA for others.

Parameters	SG30CX-P2 (3) SG50CX-P2		
Input (DC)			
Recommended max. PV input	42 kWp	70 kWp	
power			
Max. PV input voltage	110	00 V	
Min. PV input voltage / Startup	160 V / 200 V		
input voltage			
Rated PV input voltage	60	00 V	
MPP voltage range	160 V	- 1000 V	
MPP voltage range for rated	500 V ~	~ 800 V ⁽⁴⁾	
power			
No. of independent MPP inputs	3	4	

Parameters	SG30CX-P2 (3)	SG50CX-P2 (3)		
No. of PV strings per MPPT		2		
Max. PV input current	90 A (30 A / 30 A / 30 A)	120 A (30 A / 30 A / 30 A /		
		30 A)		
Max. DC short-circuit current	120 A (40 A / 40 A / 40 A)	160 A (40 A / 40 A / 40 A /		
		40 A)		
Output (AC)				
Rated AC output power	29.9 kW	50 kW		
Max. AC output apparent	29.9 kVA	50 kVA		
power				
Rated AC output apparent	29.9 kVA	50 kVA		
power				
Max. AC output current	48.15 A	80.5 A		
Rated AC voltage	3 / N / PE ,	230 / 400 V		
AC voltage range	312 -	480 V		
Rated grid frequency	50	Hz		
Grid frequency range	45 –	55 Hz		
Harmonic (THD)	< 3 % (at r	ated power)		
Power factor at rated power /	> 0.99 / 0.8 leading – 0.8 lagging			
Adjustable power factor				
Feed-in phases / connection	3 / 3-	-N-PE		
phases				
Efficiency				
Max. efficiency / European	98.5%	/ 98.3%		
efficiency				
Protection				
Grid monitoring	Y	<i>ï</i> es		
DC	Y	<i>ï</i> es		
reverse connection protection				
AC short circuit protection	Y	<i>ï</i> es		
Leakage current protection	Yes			
Surge protection	DC Type I+II / AC Type II			
Ground fault monitoring	Y	/es		
DC switch	Y	/es		
PV String current monitoring	Y	íes		
Arc fault circuit interrupter	Y	<i>í</i> es		
(AFCI)				
PID recovery function	Y	<i>ï</i> es		

Parameters	SG30CX-P2 (3)	SG50CX-P2(3)	
General Data			
Dimensions (W*H*D)	645*575	*245 mm	
Weight	38 kg	41kg	
Mounting method	Wall-moun	ting bracket	
Topology	Transfo	rmerless	
Degree of protection	IP	66	
Corrosion	C	25	
Night power consumption	< {	5 W	
Operating ambient temperature	-30 to	℃ 00 °C	
range			
Allowable relative humidity	0 – 1	00 %	
range (non-condensing)			
Cooling method	Smart forced air cooling		
Max. operating altitude	4000 m		
Display	LED, Blue	tooth+APP	
Communication	RS485 / Optional:	WLAN, Ethernet	
DC connection type	Evo2 (Ma	x. 6 mm²)	
AC connection type	OT terminal (16~35 mm ²)	OT or DT terminal (35~50	
		mm²)	
AC Cable specification	Outside diame	eter 18~ 38 mm	
Grid compliance	IEC 62109, IEC 61727, IEC 62116, IEC 60068, IEC		
	61683, IEC 61000-6-3, A	S/NZS 4777.2:2020, IIEC	
		027	
Grid Support	-	T, HVRT, active & reactive	
		wer ramp rate control	
Country of manufacture	Ch	ina	

Note(3):For Australia.

Note(4):

- The voltage difference between MPPTs should be less than 80 V.
- The voltage of the configured string should be higher than the lower limit of the rated MPPT voltage.

Parameters	SG25CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG30CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG33CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG36CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG40CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG50CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾
Input (DC)						
Recom- mended max. PV in- put power	35 kWp	42 kWp	46.2 kWp	50.4 kWp	56 kWp	70 kWp
Max. PV in- put voltage			110	00 V		
Min. PV in- put voltage / Startup in- put voltage		160 V / 200 V				
Rated PV input voltage		600 V				
MPP volt- age range		160 V ~ 1000 V				
MPP volt- age range for rated power	400 V ~ 800 V ⁽⁶⁾		5	00 V ~ 800 V	(6)	
No. of inde- pendent MPP inputs		3			4	
No. of PV strings per MPPT		2 2				
Max. PV in- put current	ç	90 A (30 A * 3) 120 A (30 A * 4)				
Max. DC short-circuit current	1	120 A (40 A * 3) 160 A (40 A * 4)			4)	
Max. current for DC connector			20	A		

Parameters	SG25CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG30CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG33CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG36CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG40CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG50CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾
Output (AC)						
Rated AC output power	25 kW	30 kW	33 kW	36 kW	40 kW	50 kW
Max. AC output power	27.5 kVA	33 kVA (7)	36.3 kVA	40 kVA	44 kVA	55 kVA
Max. AC output current	41.8 A	50.2 A	55.2 A	60.2 A	66.9 A	83.6 A
Rated AC output cur- rent(at 230V)	36.2 A	43.5 A	47.8 A	52.17 A	58 A	72.5 A
Rated AC voltage		3 / N / PE, 220 / 380 V, 230 / 400 V				
AC voltage range	312 ~ 480 V					
Rated grid frequency		50 Hz / 60 Hz				
Grid fre- quency range	_	45 – 55 Hz / 55 – 65 Hz				
Harmonic (THD)		< 3 % (at Rated power)				
Power fac- tor at Rated power / Ad- justable power factor	> 0.99 / 0.8 leading – 0.8 lagging					
Feed-in phases / connection phases	3 / 3-N-PE					

Parameters	SG25CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG30CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG33CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG36CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG40CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG50CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾
Efficiency						
Max. effi- ciency / European efficiency	98.4% / 98.2%		9	98.5% / 98.3%	6	
Protection						
Grid monitoring			Y	és		
DC re- verse con- nection pro- tection			Ŷ	és		
AC short- circuit protection			Ŷ	és		
Leakage current protection			Y	es		
Surge protection			DC Type I+I	I / AC Type II		
Ground fault monitoring			Y	es		
DC switch			Y	es		
PV String current monitoring			Y	es		
General Data						
Dimensions (W*H*D)			645*575	^{5*} 245 mm		
Mounting Method			Wall-moun	ting bracket		
Weight		38 kg		40 kg	40 kg	41 kg

Parameters	SG25CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG30CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG33CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG36CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG40CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾	SG50CX- P2 ⁽⁵⁾
Topology	Transformerless					
Degree of protection			IF	266		
Corrosion			(25		
Operating ambient temperature range		-30 to 60 °C				
Allowable relative hu- midity range (non- condensing)			0 - 1	00 %		
Cooling method			Smart force	ed air cooling		
Max. oper- ating altitude			400)0 m		
Display	LED, Bluetooth+APP					
Communi- cation		RS4	85 / WLAN /	Optional: Eth	ernet	
DC connec- tion type			EVO2 (Ma	ax. 6 mm²)		
AC connec- tion type		OT te	rminal (16~3	5 mm²)		OT or DT terminal (35~50 mm²)
AC Cable specification			Outside diam	eter 18~38m	m	
Grid Support	Q at night fu	unction, LVR		ve & reactive te control	power contro	l and power
Note(5):For La	tin America.					

Note(6):

• The voltage difference between MPPTs should be less than 80 V.

• The voltage of the configured string should be higher than the lower limit of the rated MPPT voltage.

Note(7): 30kVA for Germany, Belgium, Austria, Ukraine and Denmark, 33kVA for others.

10.2 Wring Distance of DI Dry Contact

The wiring distance between DI dry contact terminals must meet the requirements in the table below. The wiring distance L is the total length of all DI signal cables.

$$L = 2\sum_{k=1}^{n} L_k$$

 L_K refers to the cable length in one direction between the DI dry contact terminal of the kth inverter and the corresponding terminal of the (k-1)th inverter.

table 10-1 Correspondence Between	Inverter Quantity and M	aximum Wiring Distance

Maximum Wiring Distance(unit:m)		
16AWG / 1.31mm ²	17AWG / 1.026mm ²	
13030	10552	
6515	5276	
4343	3517	
3258	2638	
2606	2110	
2172	1759	
1861	1507	
1629	1319	
1448	1172	
1303	1055	
1185	959	
1086	879	
1002	812	
931	754	
869	703	
814	660	
766	621	
724	586	
686	555	
	16AWG / 1.31mm² 13030 6515 4343 3258 2606 2172 1861 1629 1448 1303 1185 1086 1002 931 869 814 766 724	

Number of	Maximum Wiring Distance(unit:m)		
Inverter	16AWG / 1.31mm ²	17AWG / 1.026mm ²	
20	652	528	
21	620	502	
22	592	480	
23	567	459	
24	543	440	
25	521	422	

NOTICE

In case the specification of the cable used is not included in the table above, when there is only one inverter, ensure that the line impedance of the input node is less than 300Ω ; and when there are multiple inverters connected in the daisy chain, ensure that the impedance is less than 300Ω /number of inverter.

10.3 Quality Assurance

When product faults occur during the warranty period, SUNGROW will provide free service or replace the product with a new one.

Evidence

During the warranty period, the customer shall provide the product purchase invoice and date. In addition, the trademark on the product shall be undamaged and legible. Otherwise, SUNGROW has the right to refuse to honor the quality guarantee.

Conditions

- After replacement, unqualified products shall be processed by SUNGROW.
- The customer shall give SUNGROW a reasonable period to repair the faulty device.

Exclusion of Liability

In the following circumstances, SUNGROW has the right to refuse to honor the quality guarantee:

- The free warranty period for the whole machine/components has expired.
- The device is damaged during transport.
- The device is incorrectly installed, refitted, or used.
- The device operates in harsh conditions beyond those described in this manual.
- The fault or damage is caused by installation, repairs, modification, or disassembly performed by a service provider or personnel not from SUNGROW.

- The fault or damage is caused by the use of non-standard or non-SUNGROW components or software.
- The installation and use range are beyond stipulations of relevant international standards.
- The damage is caused by unexpected natural factors.

For faulty products in any of above cases, if the customer requests maintenance, paid maintenance service may be provided based on the judgment of SUNGROW.

10.4 Contact Information

In case of questions about this product, please contact us. We need the following information to provide you the best assistance:

- Model of the device
- Serial number of the device
- Fault code/name
- Brief description of the problem

For detailed contact information, please visit: https://en.sungrowpower.com/contactUS

